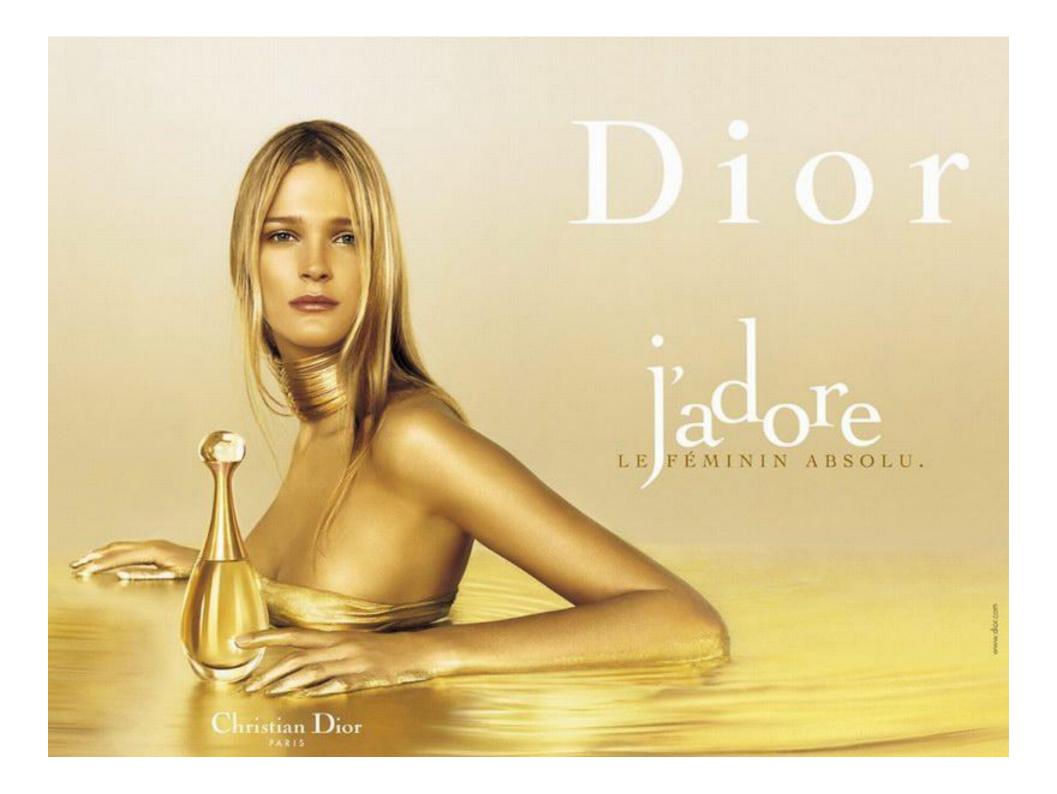
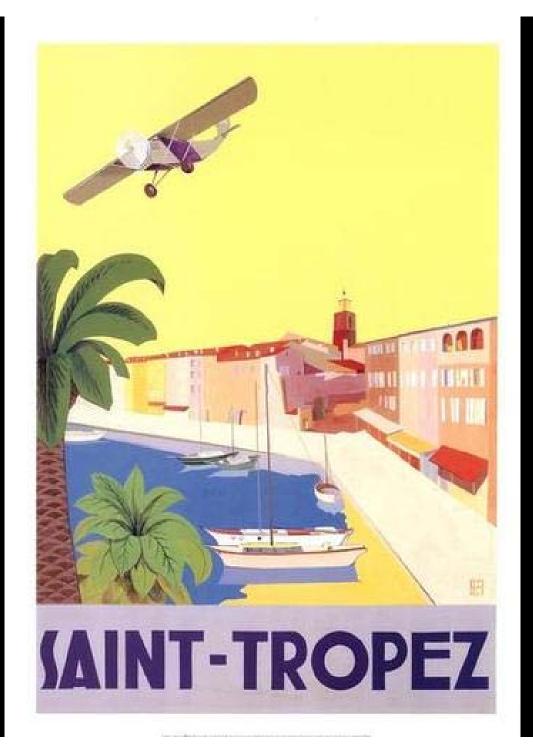
the nation and the brand and

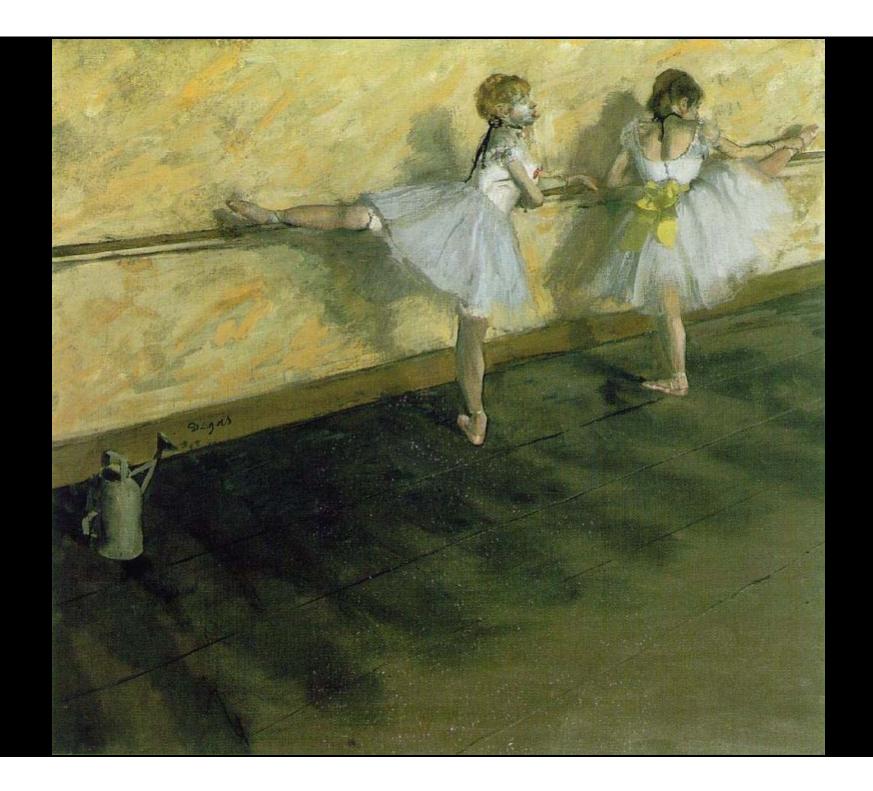
the nation as a brand













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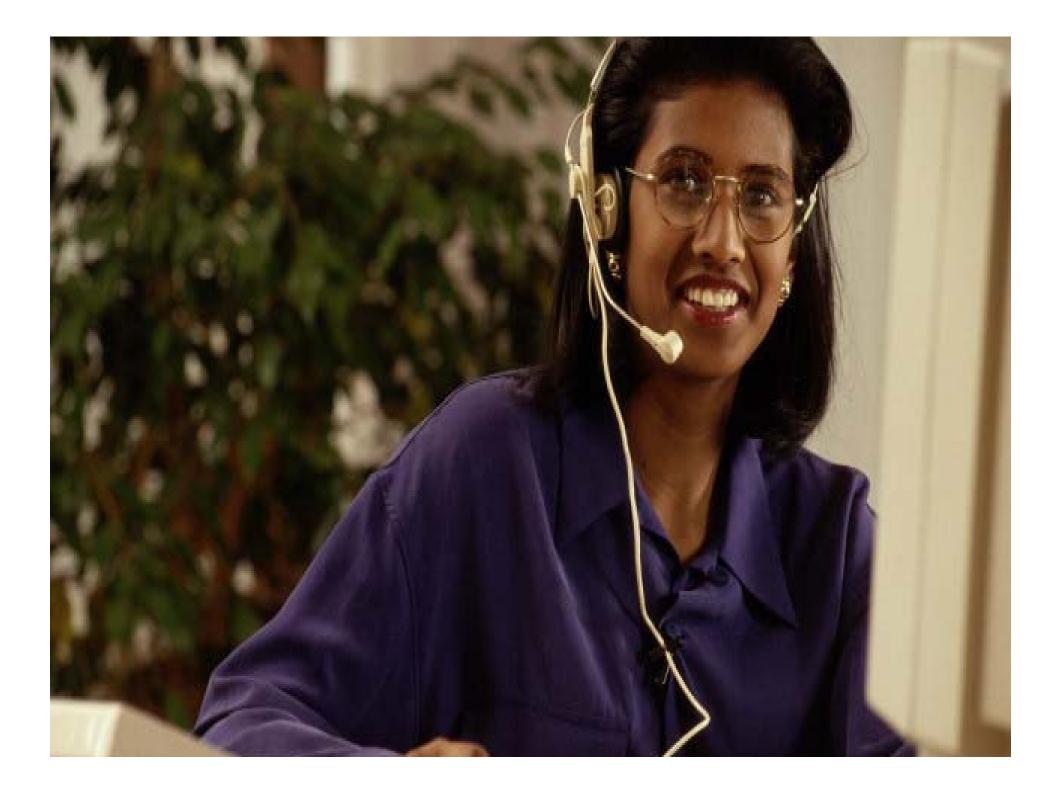




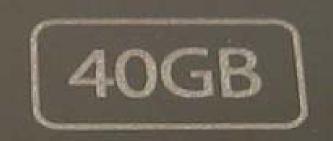








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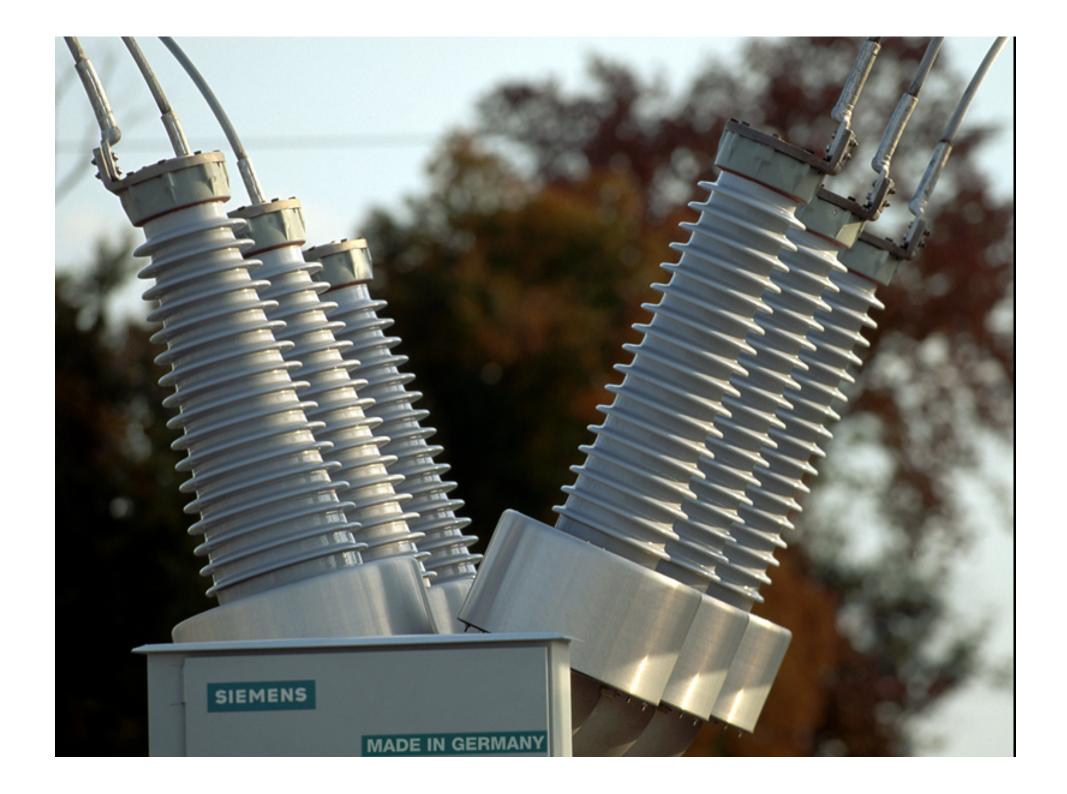
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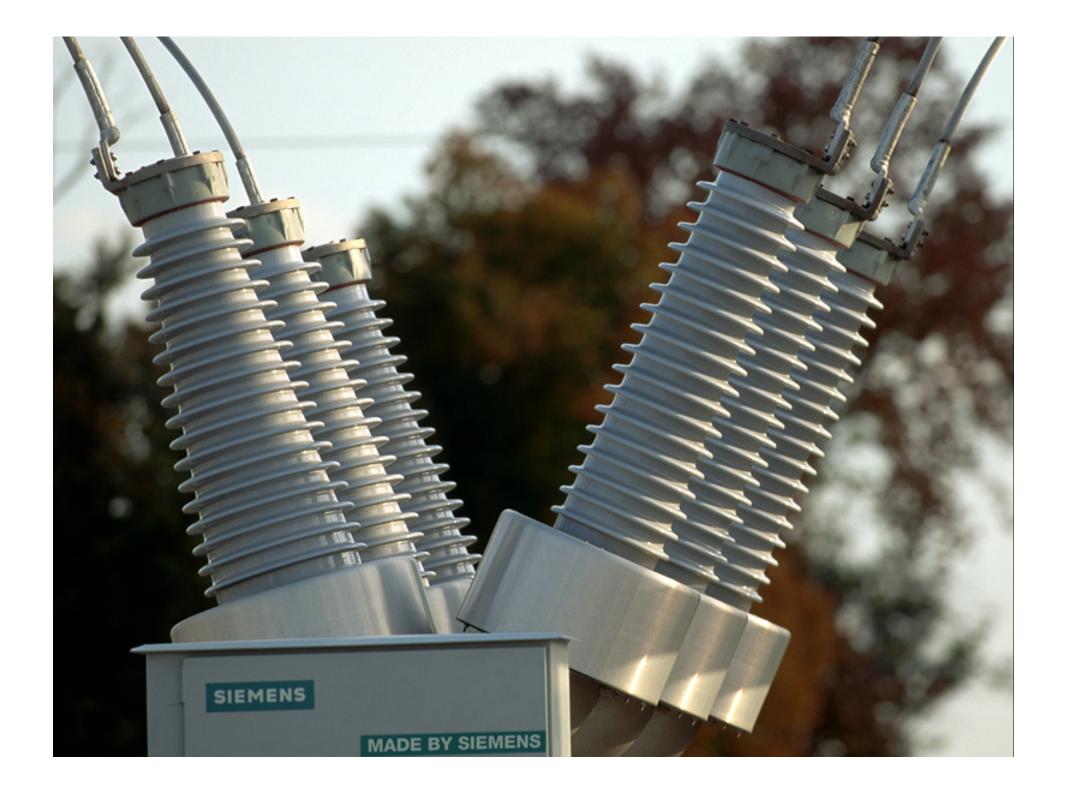
Designed by Apple in California Assembled in China

Model No.: A1059 EMC No.: 1995 Rated 5-30Vdc 1.0A Max.

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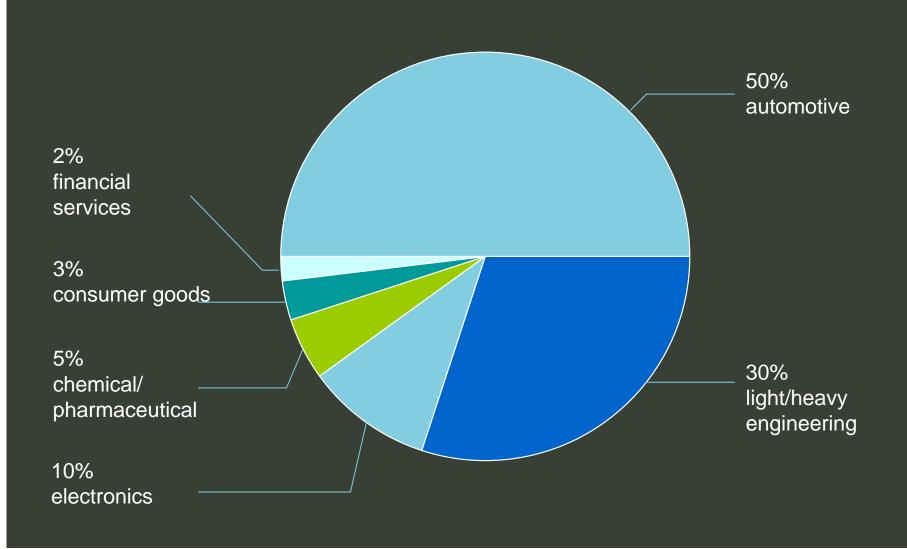




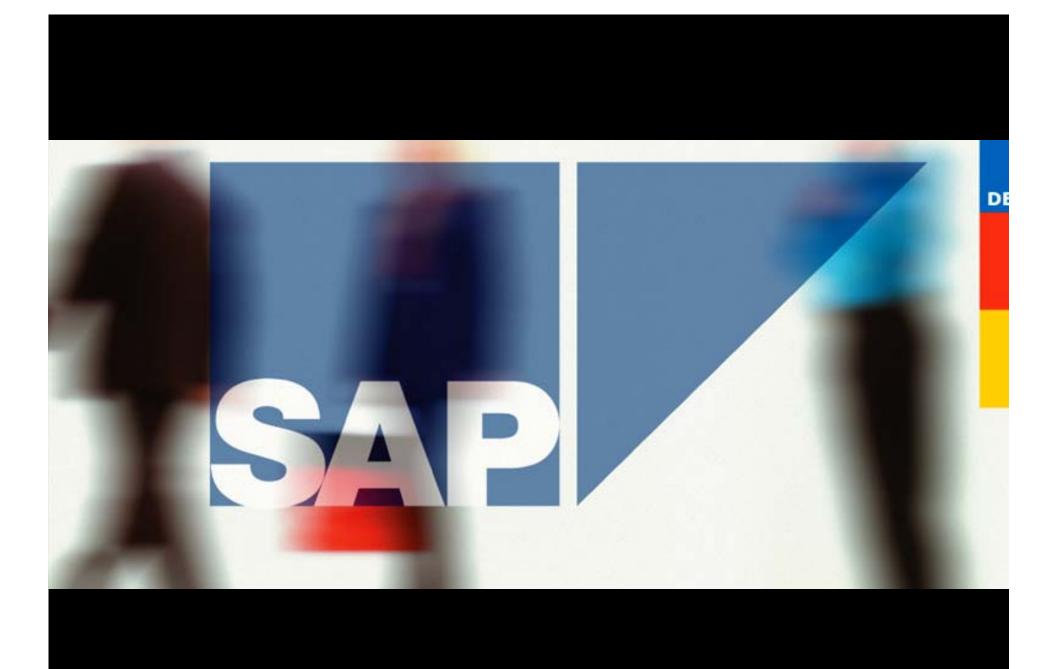
MADE IN GERMANY



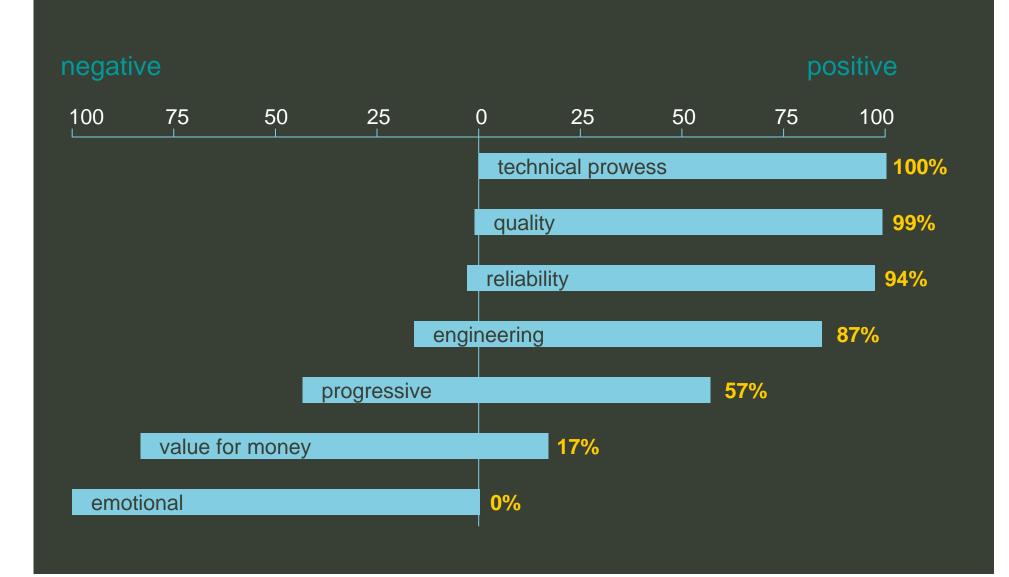
Which industries do you associate with Germany?



Deutsche Bank



Which image do you associate with Made In Germany?



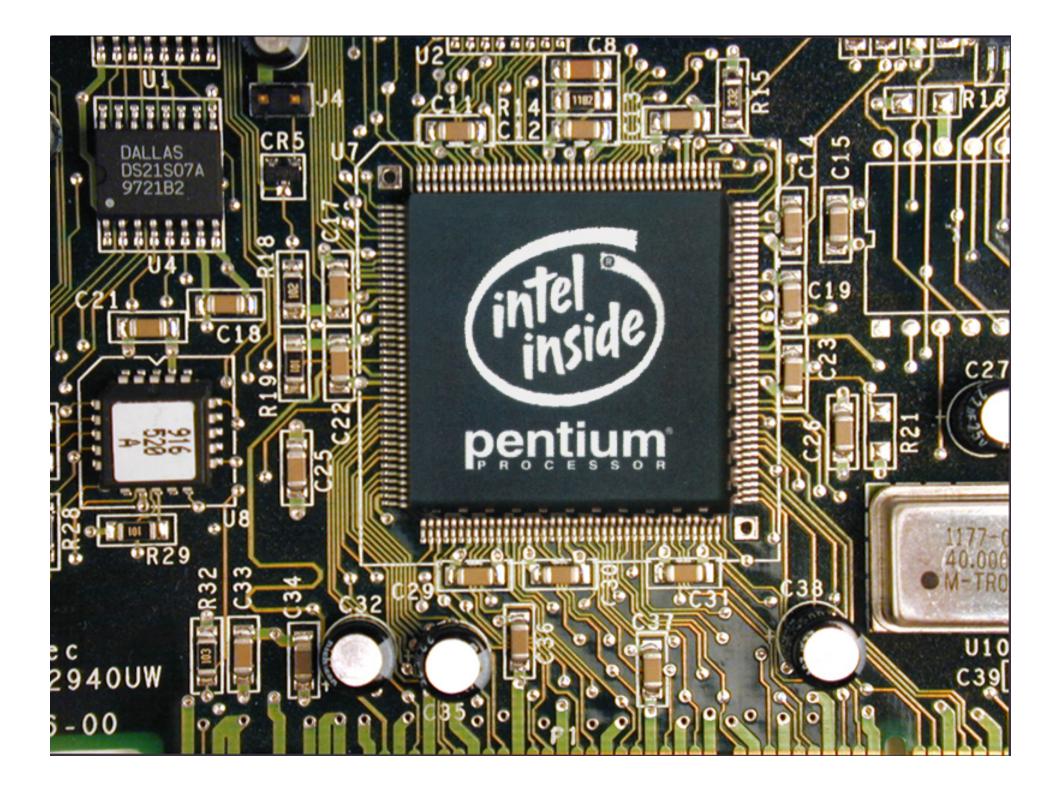










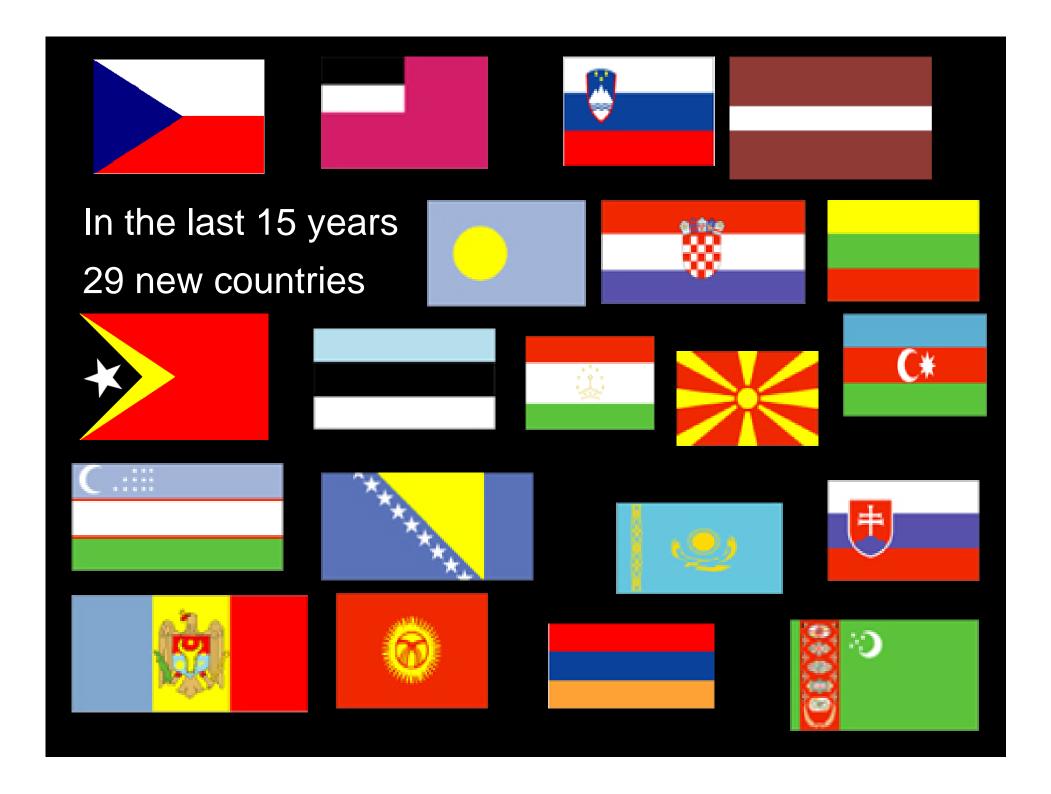






either an image problem...

...or no image at all.









branding the nation

FDI

brand export



tourism

public diplomacy

tourism



not just sun, sea and sand but also...

package tours, study abroad, backpackers, MICE, sporting events, adventure holidays, nature excursions, hiking and skiing, climbing and trekking, cultural tourism, etc., etc.

foreign direct investment



not just manufacture but also...

holiday homes, research & development, industrial and commercial real estate, banking, insurance, retail, exploration and development of natural resources, call centres, skills and knowledge, etc.

brand export



not just food and drink but also...

manufactured goods (shoes, apparel), people (athletes, professors, students), the arts (music, literature, painting, dance, film), architecture, agriculture, raw materials, cuisine (restaurants, food), etc.

public diplomacy

public diplomacy

~ 'soft power'

REC



not just figureheads but also...

events, exhibitions, cultural institutions, festivals, military operations, UN votes, international treaties, trade agreements, sports, foreign and domestic policies, government stability, humanitarianism, etc.

with all this going on how can the nation manage its image?

how can it have a strong brand?

at its best, a national brand:

helps people understand the nation. provides a 'headline' (or headlines) for a number of attractive stories. works for multiple audiences and economic sectors (not **just** tourism). has emotion—and truth—behind it.

and is unique.

'Discover _____'

or would you like to be 'a land of contrasts'?

Quebec **Ethiopia** Texas (US) Jamaica Bahrain Mozambique Turkey Nepal Kansas (US) Namibia Idaho (US) The Middle East Iceland Brazil Morocco Chile **Tibet** Urumqi (China) Rajasthan Papu² nea Iran ~VV South Korea Mex Malta Indo sia Britain South Africa Jap Aust **Brittany** Thailand India mandy Duban Cornwall (England) venezuela Portugal **Pakistan** Scotland San Bernadino County (Calif.) Nica qua Russia Latvi Murcia (Spain) Costa Rica **Finland** Ecuado. Tunisia Southeast Crete Kosovo Israel Zimbabwe Bhutan Egypt Eastern Sierra Italy Alaska Kenya Norway Mali The United States Spain Northern Sweden The Pyrenees Guatemala Vietnam Tashkent (Uzbekistan) Bihar (India) Canada

brand > tourism slogan

'The essence of Europe'

'In the heart of Europe'

'A cool country with a warm heart'

'A small country with a big heart'

'The green piece of Europe'

'Centre of Europe'

Czech Republic

Estonia

Hungary

Lithuania

Slovakia

brand > logo







































getting it right

Spain

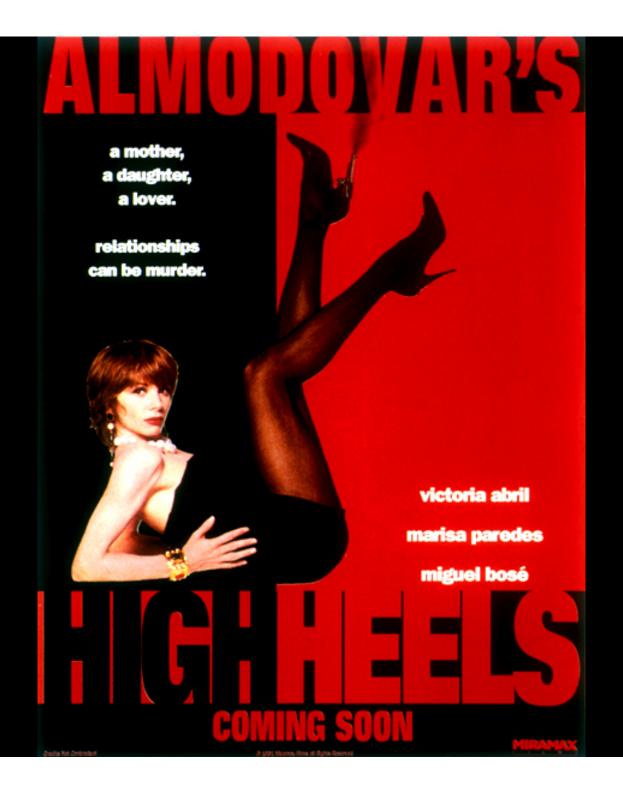












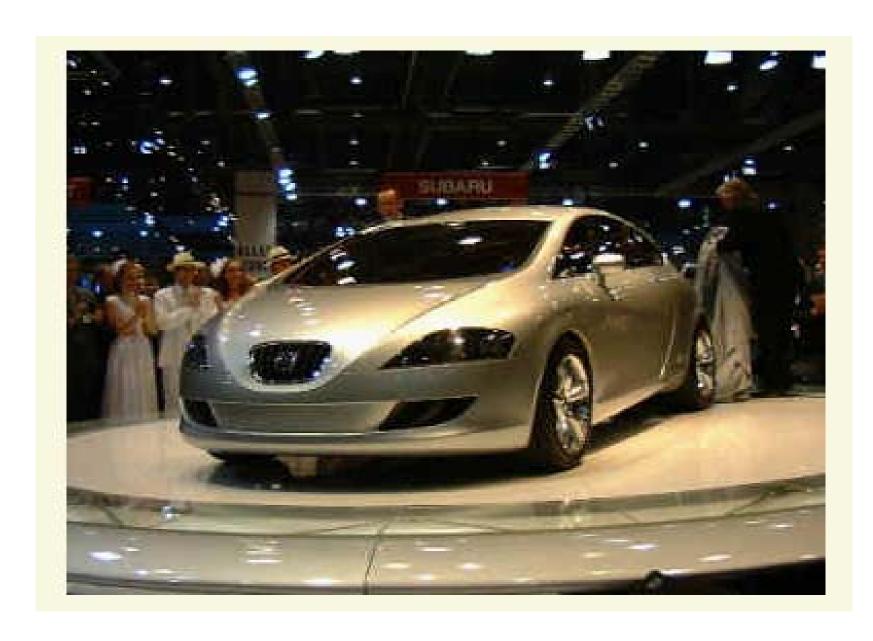




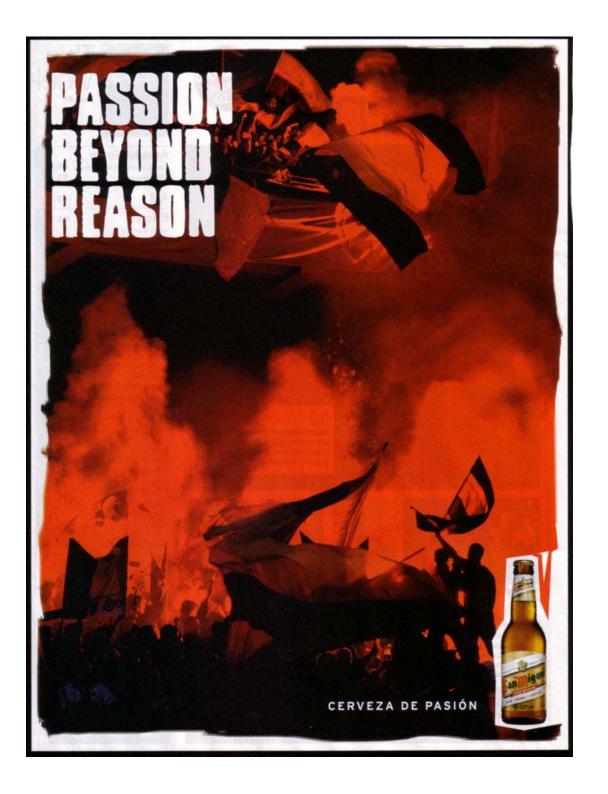
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SEAT SALSA





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Telefonica bids £18bn for UK's O2

Last Updated: Monday, 31 October 2005, 17:41 GMT

Mobile phone group O2 has agreed a takeover offer from Spanish telecom company Telefonica.

Telefonica is to pay £17.7bn (\$31.6bn) for the firm in order to get a foothold in two of Europe's largest mobile phone markets - the UK and Germany. O2 is Europe's sixth largest mobile



phone group

Under the cash deal, Telefonica will pay 200 pence per share, a 22% premium on Friday's closing price of 164.25p.

But with speculation rife that rival bids will follow, O2's shares ended the day up more than 25% at 205.75 pence.

The main suitors in the past have been Germany's T-Mobile and the Netherlands' KPN, which held abortive talks about a potential joint bid earlier this year.

KPN - which had a solo bid rejected on price in 2004 - said it had no intention of making another approach.

T-Mobile already has a foothold in the UK market under its own brand, and might therefore face regulatory problems but could manage more money with a combined cash-andshares bid, said Deutsche Bank analyst Gareth Jenkins.

"Do I think someone else will come to the table? Absolutely," he said.

BBC NEWS: VIDEO AND AUDIO What the takeover will mean for 02 customers

► VIDEO

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NEWSWATCH

Email this to a friend Printable version Spanish firm set to buy Amey

Troubled engineering firm Amey has agreed to an £81m (\$127m) takeover by Spanish construction company Grupo Ferrovial.

The Spanish firm is offering 32 pence for each Amey share, compared with Tuesday's closing price of 27p.

The UK firm has been in severe difficulty since it revealed problems with its accounts and the departure of several top executives.

"Despite its financial difficulties in 2002, Amey has a sound portfolio of core businesses and I look forward to working with (the Amey) management team," Ferrovial director Inigo Meiras said in a statement.

Last month, Amey unveiled a loss of £129.5m for 2002, and said it would not be paying any dividends for the foreseeable future.

Change of strategy

Amey took a prominent role in the private finance initiative (PFI), where private companies fund public works in exchange for a guaranteed revenue stream from the government.

But in March last year it unveiled an unexpected loss after it changed its PFI accountancy procedures.

The past six months have seen it shed its chief executive, Brian Staples, and two finance directors.

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Spanish firm eyes up BAA airports

Spain's Grupo Ferrovial is considering a bid for British airport group BAA but has not yet approached the UK firm about any takeover approach.

BAA operates Heathrow, Gatwick, and Stansted airports in London; Glasgow, Edinburgh, Aberdeen, and Southampton.



Ferrovial already has interests in Bristol and Belfast airports

The UK firm said it had not received any proposal from Ferrovial and "strongly advises shareholders not to take any action at this time".

However, BAA's shares rose 15% on the news of the possible approach.

Ferrovial said any offer would be in cash and most likely in a consortium.

"No approach has yet been made to the board of BAA," the Spanish firm added.

UK interests

The announcement also said Ferrovial's considerations were at a preliminary stage and that it did not follow necessarily that any formal offer would be made.

BAA shares soared 20%

66 There is likely to be

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Spain. Sustainable Ingenuity.

The construction of 27 desalination plants and the export of 6 other facilities consolitates Spain amongst the world's leading countries in the development of sustainable technology.

INMACULADA G. MARDONES

The big Spanish companies se quedaron con la miel en los labios cuando Zapatero revoco el trasvase del Ebro. Pero el cambio de rumbo no deja a estas empresas sin contratos. Hay más de 2.800 millones a repartir por la sociedad estatal Acuamed (antigua Trasagua) hasta 2008. Casi la mitad se destinarin a desaladoras, un mercado en el que España consolidará su puesto como potencia.

La mayor parte de los 121 proyec- la India, con más de 10 millones tos se destinarán a generar más de habitantes de 800 hectómetros cúbicos de agua al año, de los que 600 pro- co. Con el impulso público que cederán del mar Mediterráneo. Como suele decir el director de Acuamed, Adrián Baltanás, la narias y Baleares, la experiendesalación aunque salga más cara que el trasvase no genera ten- españolas las sitúa en primera sion territorial ni conflictos sociales. En efecto, nadie protesta porque en la costa mediterrànea, se vayan a instalar más de site agua potable. 27 plantas de desalación de aquia cuatro afios.

grandes empresas con experiencia en el tratamiento del agua y la desalación se frotan las manos. 'Significa el aflanzamiento y en algunos casos un trampolin la estrella del congreso mundial de nuestras empresas en el mer- sobre desalación celebrado recado exterior desde América has- cientemente en Singapur donde ta Oriente Próximo pasando por el norte de Africa", asegura Angel Cajitas, director ejecutivo de ATTA, la Asociación Tecnológi- que celebrará su próximo enca para el Tratamiento del Agua. cuentro en Canarias. Cadigas también cree que permidad que moviliza annalmente en España alrededor de 300 millones de euros en equipos.

sector", afirma Guillermo Bra- planta. vo, consejero delegado de Befesa, filial de Abengoa. Tras partitecnología propiamente españocipar en las desaladoras de Carla. "Las membranas que utiliza junto a un grupo canadiense ha

El caso de Befesa no es únise dio a la desalación para dotar los abastecimientos de Cacia adquirida por las empresas posición para exportar su know hour a cualquier rincon del mundo cerca del mar que nece-

En este momento y con más de 900 plantas en explotación, Los directivos de las siete España ocupa el cuarto puesto mundial en capacidad de desalación por detrás de Arabia Saudita, los Emiratos Arabes Unidos y Estados Unidos. Y ha sido José Antonio Medida ha sido elegido presidente de la Asociación Internacional de Desalación,

El gran salto desde las costosinológico, la eficiencia energética tenta hasta lograr un precio asuy los tratamientos avanzados de mible para la agricultura de alto las aguas residuales, una activi- valor afiadido, ha sido posible por la drástica reducción de costes de la ósmosis inversa. Lo que costaha dos y hasta tres euros "Es fantástico. Supone una por metro cúbico, se ha reducido oportunidad histórica para el a entre 0,70 y 0,45 euros a pie de

Spain. Sustainable Ingenuity in Technology.

Israel que sólo lo ha instalado en pequeñas plantas foera de su te-

La armada española de la desalación ha llegado hasta Londres donde la veterana Pridesa está montando la mayor desaladora de Europa, para 150,000 tirà avanzar en el desarrollo tec-simas desaladoras de los años se-metros cúbicos diarios. El bagaje de Pridesa, con una capacidad de desalación instalada de más de 226 millones de litros anuales ha sido decisivo en el destino de la compañía viscaina. Tras ser adquirida a Iberdrola por la eléctrica alemana RWE pensaba deshacerse de ella y venderla a Acciona, pero se ha arrepentido, da-La ósmosis inversa no es una das las perspectivas de negocio tecnología propiamente españo- que ofrece la desalación. Pridesa

Spain occupies the fourth position of desalination capacity and is going to build 6 new plants in Argelia.

Desalination plants	
Catalula	
Cuentus del Jucar	. 4
Curries del Segura	
Cuenca Sur	. 7
Dalesces	- 4
Ceuta y Melitia	- 2
TUTAL	27



IN WHICH COUNTRY WOULD **YOU PLACE THIS POINT?**



IN CATALONIA, OF COURSE.

Thirds where Euroelona is, in Catalonia, a country in Spain with its own culture.

million people, which has experienced a of Europe.

A country in which many foreign en-

A country which has understood and motivated the genius of Picasso, the force A country with a population of only six of Miri, the imagination of Dall, the innovative approach of Tapies, the art of Montgrowth which has made it one of the motion secret Caballé and Josep Carreras, the mastery of Pau Casals, the during of Goods.

A country which is visited every year terprises - European, North American. by 16 million people from all over the world Japanese- have invested and are still for its climate and its unique tourist, sports

and cultural facilities.

A country with the know-bow to get the Olympic Games for its capital, Barcelona. Now you know where Europiona is. In Catalonia, of course



GENERALITAT DE CATALUNYA

AUTONOMOUS GOVERNMENT OF CATALONIA

getting it right

clarity
emotion
style
authenticity
coordination
and an idea (or themes)

building a national brand

stage 1 – development of the brand:

set up the administration

explore and research

define the brand idea or themes (and the ways it or they may be modulated to serve different interests)

gather ideas for articulation and expression

build internal support for the programme

Timescale: about three months

stage 2 – articulation of the brand:

robust, more-than-cosmetic expression

visually – a symbol, colours, image style

verbally – straplines, stories, talking points

experientially – 'touchpoints' including environments (e.g., arrival halls, embassies, tourism bureaus abroad)

Timescale: another three months

stage 3 – pre-launch of the brand:

figure out what the main authorities will do to launch the brand (including attending to hygiene factors and devising brand-centric projects)

establish task forces and brand champions

'seed' the brand through training and collaboration

involve as many constituencies as possible

Timescale: about two months

stage 3 – pre-launch (con't):

support independent initiatives

coordinate and influence 'every' activity that bears on the place's image

search for potential flagship brands

Timescale: about two months

stage 4 – launching and sustaining the brand:

launch it

nurture it

monitor it (track the results)

benchmark it

be patient

Timescale: ad infinitum

important:

the brand can only be made to work by convincing people that it's to their advantage to use it. co-ordination.

support.

involvement.

not arm twisting.

a national brand must belong to the citizens.

if it works for them then it will work.

time scale 20 years plus