

A black and white photograph of a person in a uniform with 'IBAMA' on the back, measuring a large log in a forest. The person is standing on a log, using a measuring tape. The background shows a dense forest with many trees.

MONTHLY OUTLOOK REPORT

JULY
2022



**política
por inteiro**

REPORT ON THE RELEVANT SIGNALS TO CLIMATE AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES IN BRAZIL



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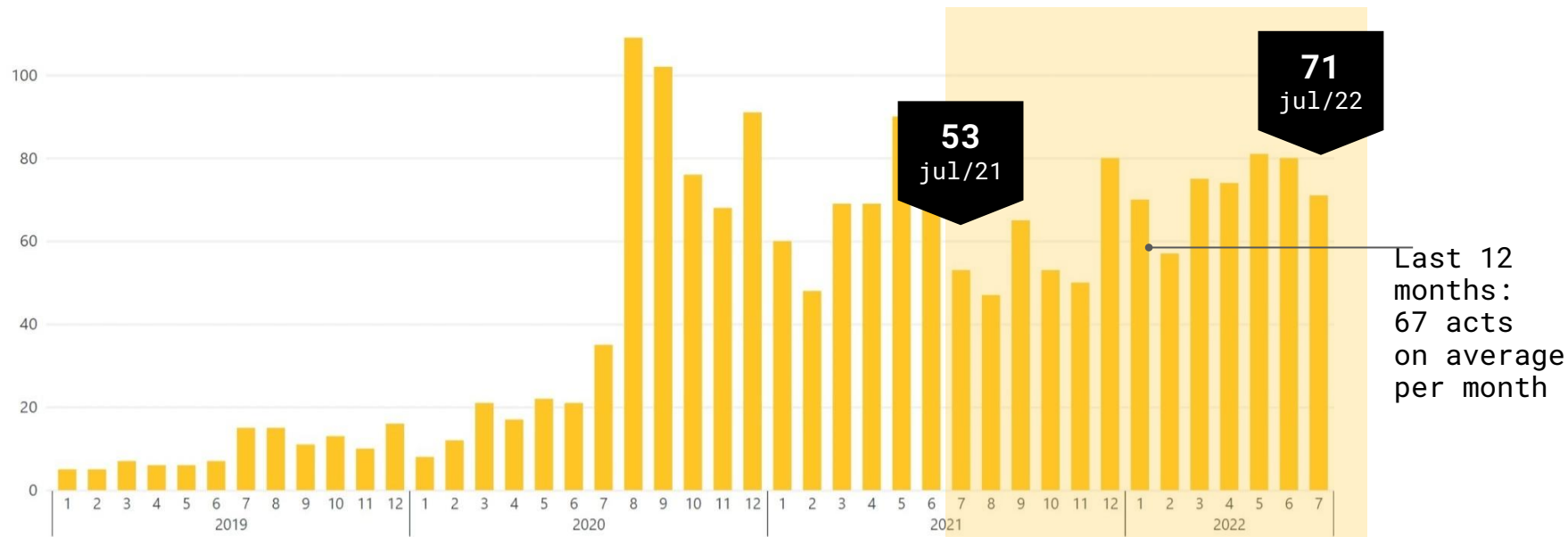
THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH

TRACKING THE FEDERAL OFFICIAL
GAZETTE

PHOTO: ROBERT STUCKERT FILHO / PR

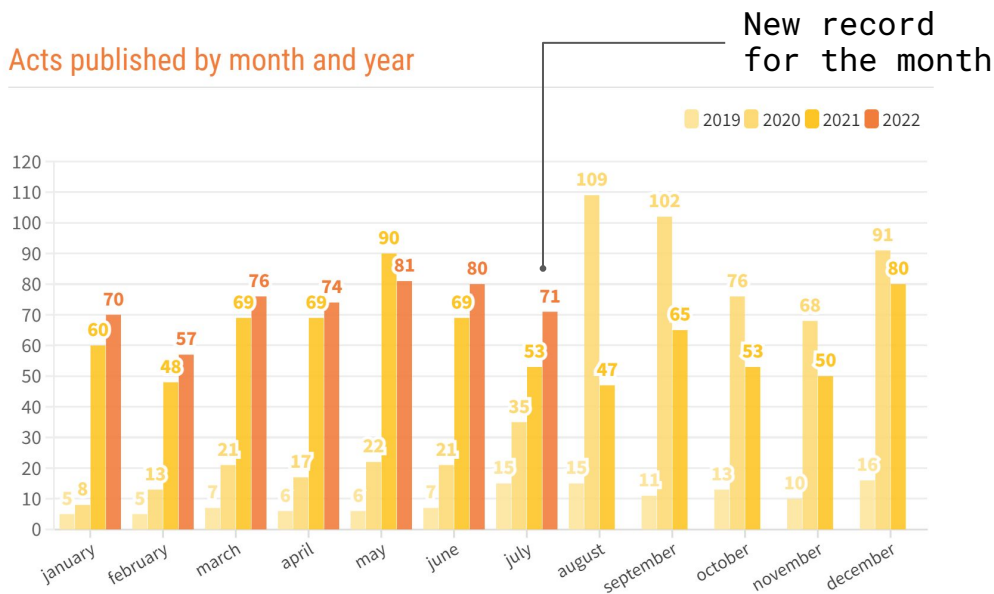
In July, the Monitor of Public Acts captured **71 acts** relevant to environmental and climate change policies published in the *Official Journal of Union*. Despite the decrease compared to the previous month, the volume remains above the average of the last 12 months.

MONTHLY EVOLUTION OF ACTS

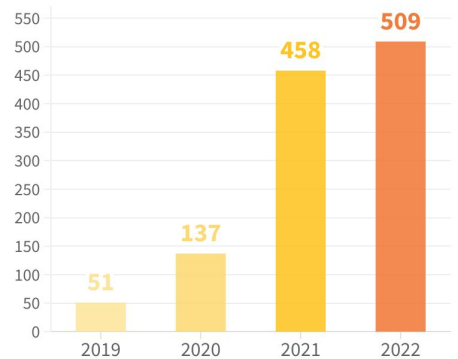


Uptrend

The uptrend remains, with a new record for July compared to the same month of previous years. In 2022, only in May didn't see the largest volume of infralegal norms for the month in the Monitor of Public Acts. In the year, the accumulated increase is 11% when compared to the first seven months of 2021.

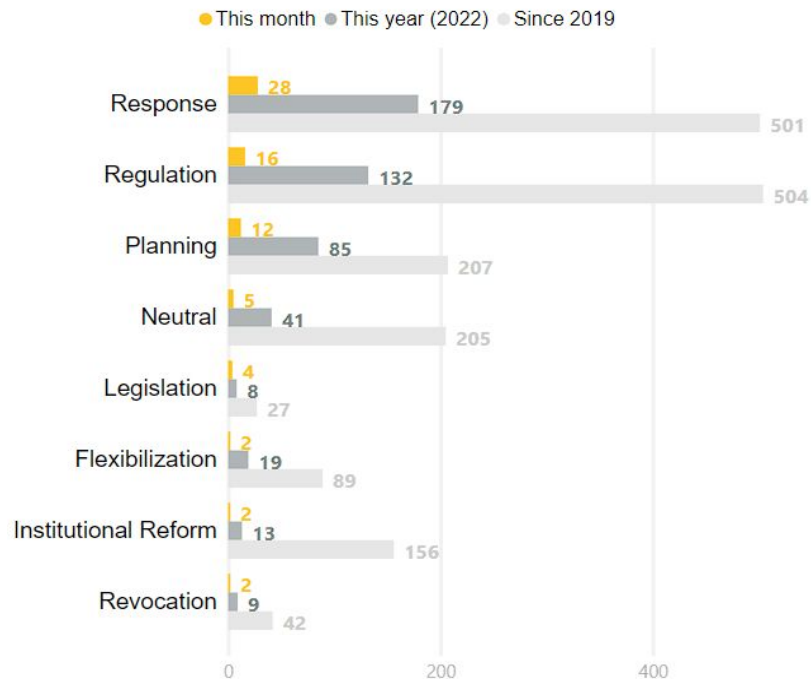


Accumulated acts - per year



JULY ACTS BY CLASS

- **Response** was the most frequent class of the month (28): the acts refer to the recognition of emergency situations and public calamity and the use of the National Public Security Force (FNSP) in support of Funai and the state of Amazonas.
- Subsequently, the class **Climate** (16) and the class **Planning** (12) were seen the most. The predominance of these three classes is consistent with pattern observed since last year.



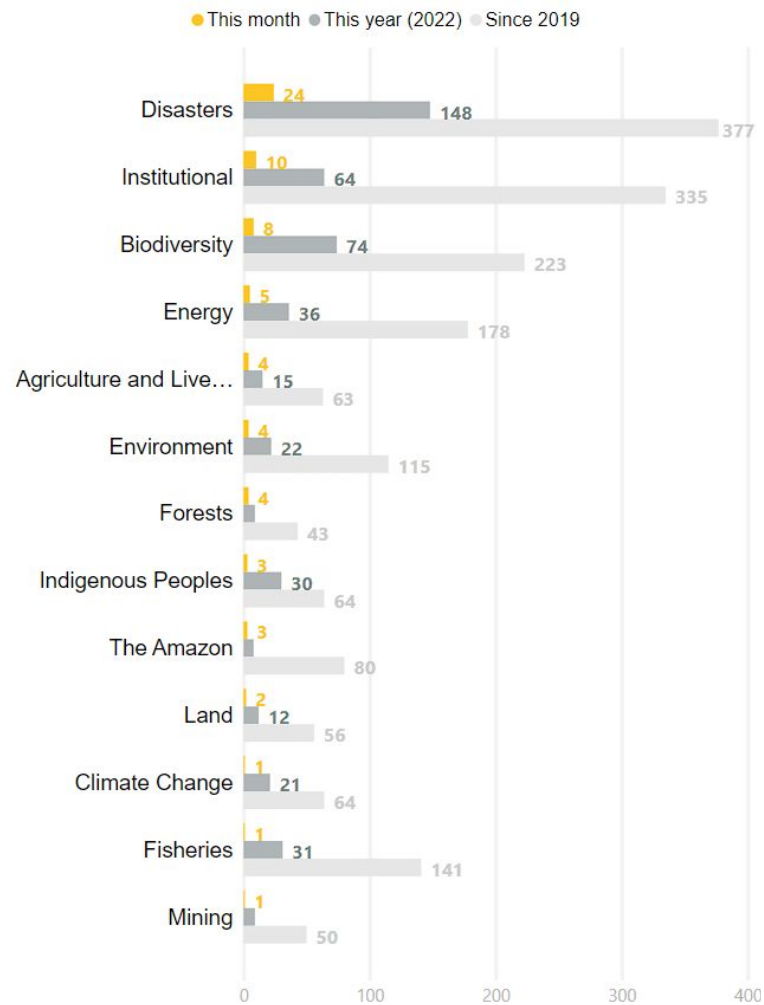
Highlights in the most frequent classes of the month

- **Response:** Public calamity and emergency situation due to heavy rains; Amazon Fund governance Working Group; FNSP in Amazonas and Indigenous lands in Pará and Rio Grande do Sul
- **Planning:** Review of the National Plan for the Control of Illegal Deforestation and Recovery of Native Vegetation and the Operational Plan 2020-2023; Brazilian Hydrogen Initiative (IBH2) and Brazilian System of Hydrogen Laboratories (SisH2-MCTI)
- **Climate:** Ibama order on administrative liability for environmental damage; Pesticide Registrations; procedure for reporting incidents in oil and natural gas production.
- **Flexibility:** Removes restrictions on foreign trade operations in minerals and lithium ores; extension of GT MAPA Piratininga
- **Institutional Reform:** Reorganization of the organizational structure and the detailed demonstrative table of the executive commissioned positions - CCE and the executive commissioned functions - FCE of Ibama

Learn more.

[Click here to
access](#)

JULY ACTS BY THEME



EVOLUTION OF ACTS BY THEME

JUL
2022

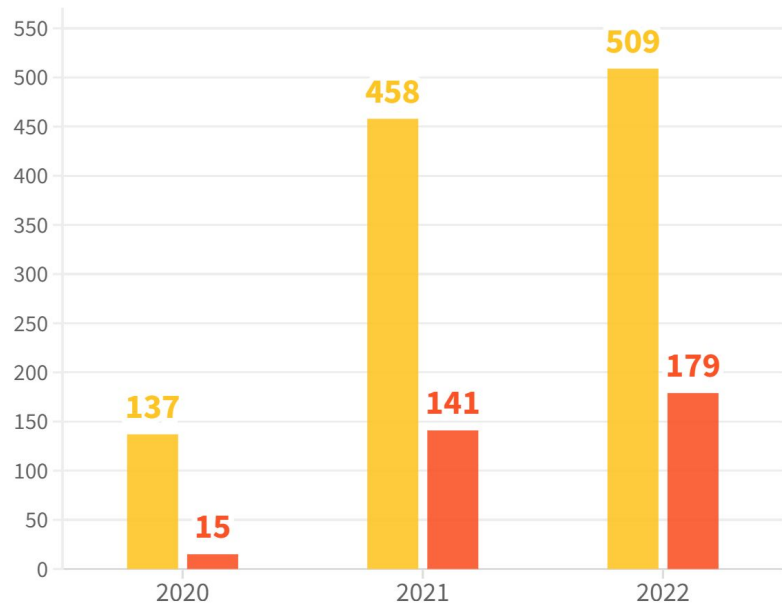
	Year 2019							2020												2021												2022												Overall
	Month	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total		
Disasters					1			1								3	9	9	10	18	49	12	10	17	16	21	14	14	16	9	17	16	17	179	29	27	11	21	18	18	24	148	377	
Institutional		2	2	1	1	1	1	16		3	3	2	2	1	4	10	29	19	23	24	120	8	13	12	16	25	8	12	8	15	4	9	5	135	2	6	18	12	5	11	10	64	335	
Biodiversity		1	2	1	1	1	7	16		2	1	2	5		3	18	2	9	10	7	59	3	3	5	8	12	6	2	1	11	7	4	12	74	11	5	12	7	20	11	8	74	223	
Energy			1			1		2				3	4	2	6	5	17	5	5	13	60	7	3	5	4	13	10	6	8	9	2	3	10	80	10	3	2	4	8	4	5	36	178	
Fisheries		3	4	3	6	2	3	26	3	1	9	5	2	3		3	2	1	4	8	41	5			3	4	8	6	3	4	3	2	5	43	5	3	9	5	7	1	1	31	141	
Environment		3		3	1	2	1	19	5	2	4		1	4	2	10	13	5	3	3	52	3	3	3	3	2			2		1	1	4	22	4	2	1	4	4	3	4	22	115	
The Amazon		2	1	2				5	2	1		5	5	3	4	2	7	6	2	37	6	2	3	6		3	5		3	1	1		30	1		2		1	1	3	8	80		
Climate Change					2			2		1				4		2	3	2	1	13	2		4	3			2	1	4	2	5	5	28		1	11	5	1	2	1	21	64		
Indigenous Peoples		1	1					2			1				4				3	1	1	6	1	2	1	3	4	2	2		2	3	2	4	26	3	5	1	3	7	8	3	30	64
Agriculture and Livestock		1				1		3	1	1		2		2	4	4			1	15	3	5	4	3			2			1	5	3	4	30			3		6	2	4	15	63	
Ocean					1			3	2						26	1	3	2	2	36	1	1	2	1	1	2			2					10	1	1			9		11	60		
Land			1	1			3	7			1		1	1	1	5		3		12	1	3	5	1	2	3	2		1	3	2	2	25	1		1	3	1	4	2	12	56		
Mining		1	3				1	5				3	2	3	4			1	3	16	4	1	4	1	3	3		1					3	20	1	3		3	1	1	9	50		
Forests		1			2			9			2	1	1	2	5	1	1		1	14	1				2	1	1				2	1	3	11			1	1	3	4	9	43		
Water												4	2	7	1		1		1	15			4			3			2	1	2	1	1	13				1	1	1	1	4	32	
Pollution													3	1						4				1				2	1	1	1	3	9	2		4	2	1			9	22		
Science													10	1	2			2		15		1							2				1	4	1	1					2	21		
Transportation										1		2	1	1	3	1		1		10	2	1	1	1				1	1	1			8				2	1			3	21		
The Antarctic													4							4	1				2								4					1			1	9		
Cities											1			1		1	1	1	1	5																		1			5			
Tradicional Maroon Communities																										2						1	3				1			1	4			
Total per month		15	15	11	13	10	16	116	8	13	21	17	22	21	35	109	102	76	68	91	583	60	48	70	69	90	69	53	47	65	53	50	80	754	71	57	76	74	81	80	71	510	1.963	

Response acts

- The class **Response** accumulates an increase of 27% compared to January - July 2021-contributing significantly to pulling up the annual norm curve (in total, the increase is 11%).
- The acts of **Response** grow with the recurrence of emergency recognition ordinances for disasters, categorized in homonymous theme (**Disaster**) and also FNSP employment authorization.

Accumulated acts - per year

■ Total ■ Response acts

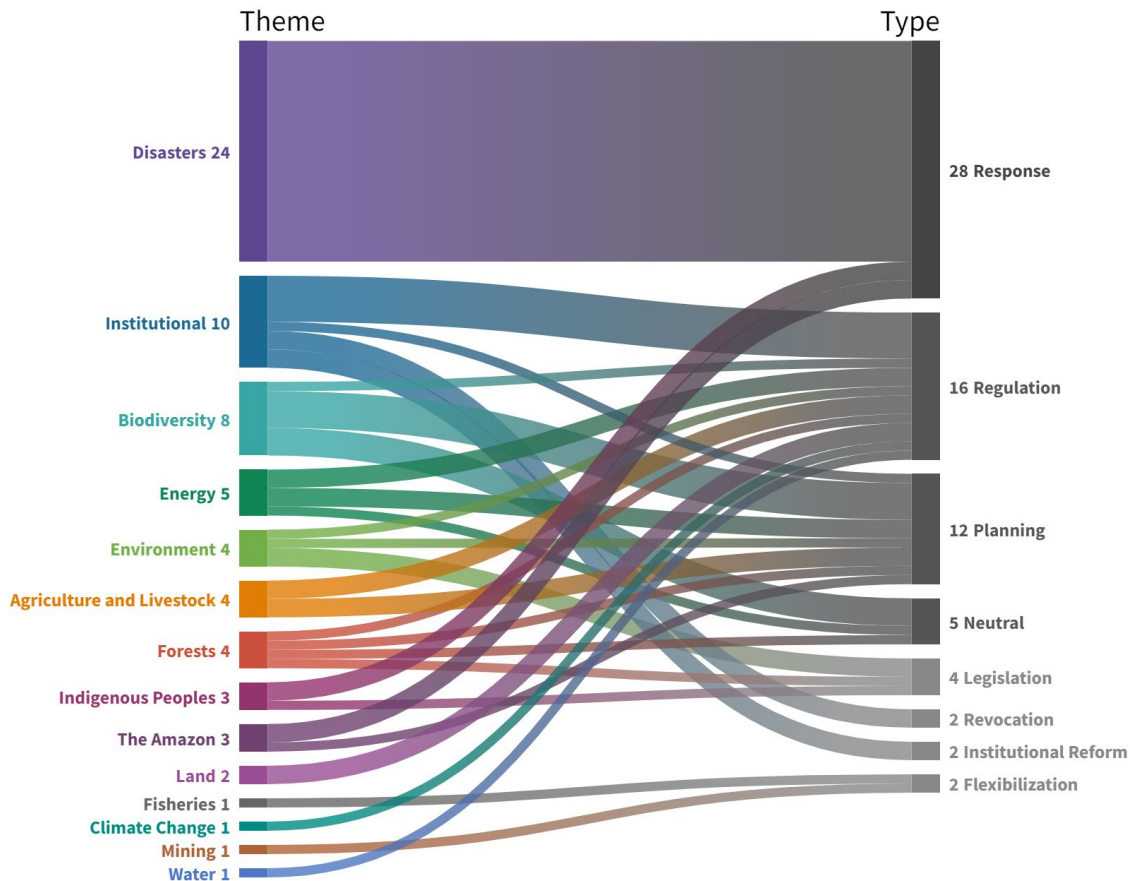


Source: Política Por Inteiro (DOU)

Themes and classes

Most frequent topics of the month:

- **Disaster:** Recognitions of emergency and public calamity.
- **Institutional:** MMA revocations and internal Ibama and ICMBio guidelines
- **Biodiversity:** Approval of Internal Regulations of ICMBio and National Action Plans For Conservation (PAN)



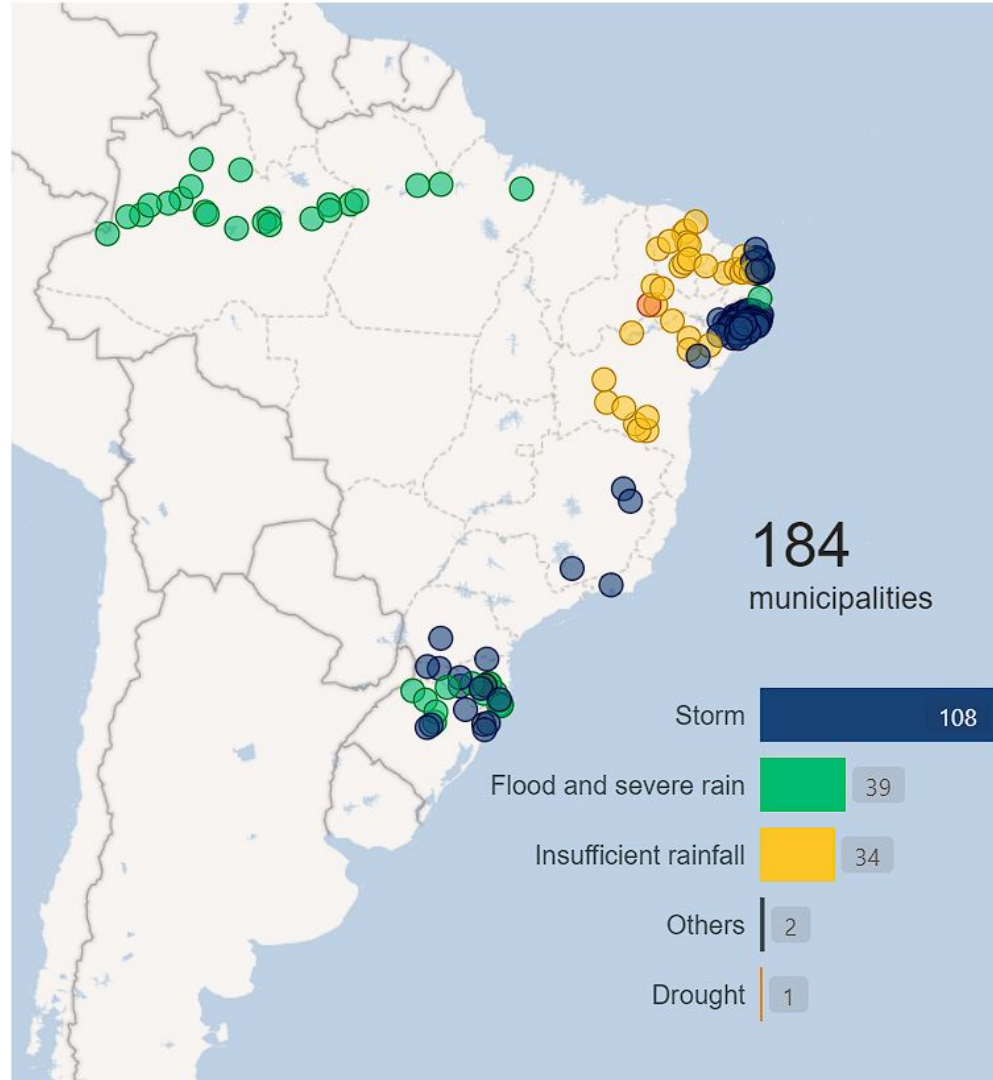
MAIN ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE - BY TOPIC

Disasters

184 municipalities were recognized in a state of emergency and public calamity in July.

There was a concentration of drought and storms in the Northeast and floods in the North of the country. In the South there was a concentration of flooding and storms.

Access our monitor
of disasters



MAIN ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE - BY TOPIC

Indigenous

MJSP Ordinance N 125, of July 12, 2022

Response

Authorizes the employment of FNSP, in support of the Federal Police, in the Votouro Indigenous land, in Rio Grande do Sul, for 90 days. The objective is to strengthen security in the region, which since 2018 has recorded episodes of violence between Indigenous and non - Indigenous people, including crimes investigated in Operation Lawless Land

MJSP Ordinance N 129, of July 13, 2022

Response

Authorizes the extension of FNSP's employment, in support of Funai, in the Parakanã Indigenous land, in Pará, for 30 days.

Law N 14,402 of July 8, 2022

Legislation

Establishes April 19 as Indigenous Peoples ' Day, repealing Decree-Law N 5,540 of June 2, 1943. The [PL 5466/2019](#), from Joenia Wapichana (REDE/RR), had been vetoed in full by President Jair Bolsonaro. On July 5, in a joint session of Congress, the [parliamentarians overturned the Veto 28/2022](#).

MAIN ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE - BY TOPIC

Energy

MCTI Ordinance N 6.100, of July 11,
2022/MCTI Ordinance N 6.101, of July 11,
2022

Planning

Establishes the Brazilian Hydrogen Initiative (IBH2) to create, integrate and strengthen government actions on hydrogen and its applications, focusing on technological development and the promotion of innovation and entrepreneurship. It also establishes, within the scope of the Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovations (MCTI), the Brazilian System of Hydrogen Laboratories (SisH2-MCTI), as one of the instruments of the Brazilian Hydrogen Initiative (IBH2).

ENVIRONMENT

Law N 14,424, of July 27, 2022

Legislation

Amends Law N 13,116, of April 20, 2015 to include devices that establish, among others, the possibility of installing telecommunications infrastructure even without the decision of the competent body/entity, provided that in accordance with the conditions stipulated in the license application and applicable legislation. There is, by the norm, an unspoken permit for enterprises. That is, the previous analysis of the environmental agency when applying for each license is removed.

MAIN ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE - BY TOPIC

Institutional

ORDER

Regulation

An order of the president of Ibama approves an opinion prepared to support the revision of internal guidance on administrative liability for environmental damage, now subjective. Previously, there was OJN N 26/2011/PFE / IBAMA, which interpreted this responsibility as independent of guilt or intent to be responsible for environmental infringement. Now, the understanding (which is binding on the entire Ibama) establishes that environmental administrative responsibility depends on the proof of intent or guilt. Access our analysis [here](#).

Forests

Resolution N 12 of July 13, 2022
/Resolution N 13 of July 13, 2022

Neutral / Planning

Approves the **Balance of activities 2021** and the revision of the National Plan for the Control of Illegal Deforestation and Recovery of Native Vegetation 2020-2023. As well as the revision of the Operational Plan 2020-2023.

MAIN ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE - BY TOPIC

Fishing

SAP/MAPA ordinance N 1.102, of July 01, 2022

Flexibility

Amends the annex of Ordinance N 401/2021 to change the completion dates of the actions of GT MAPA Piracatinga, previously for July and June/2022 and now for June/2023. On the topic, check out our [post](#).

Mining

Decree N 11.120, of July 5, 2022

Flexibility

Allows foreign trade operations of lithium minerals and ores, organic and inorganic chemicals, including their compositions, manufactured on the basis of lithium, lithium metal and lithium alloys and their derivatives. It determines that they are not subject to criteria, restrictions, limits or conditions of any nature, except those provided for by law or in Acts issued by the Chamber of Foreign Commerce – Camex. Repeals Decree N 2,413, of December 4, 1997; and Decree N 10,577, of December 14, 2020. In the previous wording, prior authorization from the National Nuclear Energy Commission was mandatory for foreign trade operations until December 31, 2030.

An aerial, black and white photograph of the Amazon rainforest. A wide, dark river winds through the dense, textured canopy of the forest. In the lower-middle section of the river, a small, light-colored boat is visible. The forest extends to the edges of the frame, with the river creating a complex network of channels and islands.

AMAZON

A SPECIAL LOOK AT ITS
ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

PHOTO: GUSTAVO FRAZÃO/SHUTTERSTOCK

Amazon

MMA Ordinance N 191 of July 22, 2022 Response

Establishes the Working Group, within the Ministry of the Environment, with the objective of analyzing and proposing the governance structures of the Amazon Fund and its objectives as a financing instrument for national public policies. The group shall meet ordinarily every 15 days, and extraordinarily by convocation. It will have a period of 60 days, and may be renewed for the same period, to complete the work, from the date of the first meeting. The ordinance, which came into force on August 2, 2022, was published after a report by the Comptroller General of the Union (CGU) pointed out that the **MMA has put the continuity of the fund at risk**.

The first term of work of the GT ends exactly in the first round of elections. Will the executive rush to unlock the fund, in which more than R\$ 3 billion is still in this management? The electoral context and the direction of policies for the Amazon from the results of the polls worry donors.

In the judiciary, a **Direct action of unconstitutionality by omission (ADO) 59**, which deals with the shutdown of the Amazon Fund, was scheduled for a vote in August, even entered the virtual trial list, but was withdrawn. It didn't stay on the agenda for 24 hours. There is movement on the part of donors so that the issue can only be addressed in the next government.

AM | LEG
PLO N 338 of 2022

ENVIRONMENT

Establishes general guidelines for policies to promote and encourage cooperatives and associations specialized in solid waste recycling within the state of Amazonas.

MT | EXE
RESOLUTION N 06

CLIMATE CHANGE

Approves the indicators of socio-environmental safeguards for REDD+ of the REDD Early Movers Program (REM-MT).

AC | EXE
DECREE N 11.093

AGRICULTURE AND LIVESTOCK

Establishes the Environmental Data Integration and Monitoring Platform of the Integrated Center for Geoprocessing and Environmental Monitoring -PCIGMA and the Rural Environmental Registry Management Platform - PG-CAR.

AC | EXE
DECREE N 11.079

BIODIVERSITY

Extends the deadline for the creation of the provisional Conservation Unit - State Forest of the Jurupari Seringal complex tributary.

MT | EXE
DECREE N 1.436

INSTITUTIONAL

It provides for the state administrative process for determining administrative offenses and activities harmful to the environment, regulates the program for converting environmental fines and makes other measures.



Amazonas | EXECUTIVE

disasters

The State of Amazonas Government has declared an Emergency situation in the following municipalities due to **Floods** (COBRADE 1.2.1.0.0).

JULY 11, 2022

JULY 12, 2022

JULY 15, 2022

JULY 22, 2022



Presidente Figueiredo
Isabel do Rio Negro



Anori



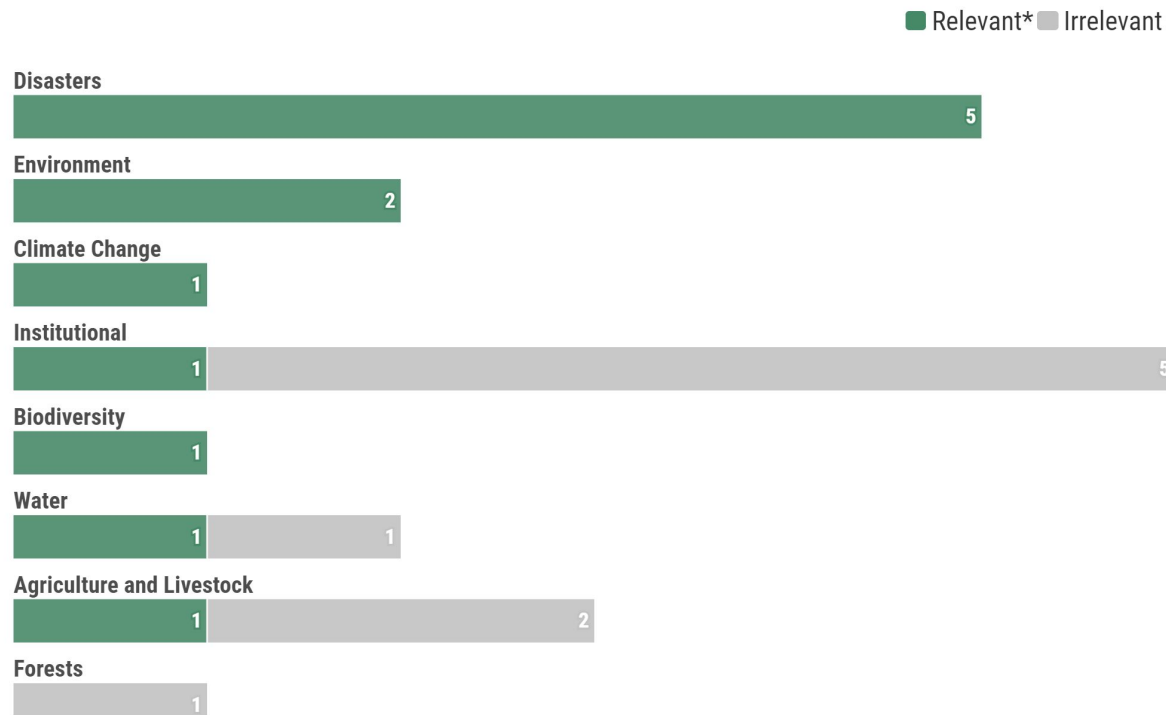
Coari



Codajás

Amazon Focus In Full #8 | Jul.2022

ACTS AND PROPOSALS BY THEME AND RELEVANCE



Read the **Monthly balance**
of Foco Amazônia

[Click here to access](#)

Source: Foco Amazônia • Política Por Inteiro

*Relevant acts are those with the greatest potential for Brazil to influence politics in the Amazon.

A black and white photograph of a modern legislative building. The building features a long, low profile with a series of columns supporting a flat roof. A large, prominent dome is visible on the left side of the building. In the foreground, a large, calm body of water reflects the building and the sky. The text "THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH" is overlaid on the left side of the image in a large, bold, white sans-serif font.

THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

ANALYSIS OF THE MOVEMENTS AND
TRACKING OF LEGISLATIVE
PROPOSALS

LEGISLATIVE MOVES

Recess and effort

Between **July 18-31**, there was the parliamentary recess in the National Congress. MPs returned in a concentrated effort for votes as early as the first week of August, but there was no appreciation of climate-and environment-sensitive PLs. There will be another week off at the end of the month. In the Senate, the deal is for the effort to focus on the second and third week of August, but with hybrid sessions. In September, it will also follow this format. The presence of parliamentarians in plenary will be required after the elections, which take place on October 2.

Greenhouse Gases

It was **approved** in the Federal Senate the draft Legislative Decree (**PDL 179/2022**) approving the text of the Kigali Amendment to the Montreal Protocol on substances that deplete the ozone layer, adopted in Kigali, Rwanda, on 15 October 2016.

LEGISLATIVE MOVES

Pesticides

The Committee on Agriculture and Agrarian Reform (CRA) of the Federal Senate **decided** to expand the debate on the **Bill (PL) 1.459/2022**, which aims to change regulations on pesticides in the country.

Dubbed The Poison PL, the proposal relaxes regulations on the subject. The senators approved a request to hear representatives of the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Supply (Mapa), Ibama and the National Health Surveillance Agency (Anvisa).

FEDERAL JUDICIARY

THE MOVEMENTS IN THE MAIN
ACTIONS ON CLIMATE AND
ENVIRONMENT



PHOTO: MARCELLO CASAL JR / AGÊNCIA BRASIL

JUDICIARY

Fernando de Noronha

In **Originating civil action (ACO) 3568**, the minister of the Supreme Court (STF) Ricardo Lewandowski **scheduled** a conciliation hearing set for August 9. In the action, the Union asks that its ownership over the Fernando de Noronha archipelago be recognized and that the state of Pernambuco observe all the clauses of the contract of assignment of use under special conditions of the area.

An aerial photograph of a landscape showing significant deforestation. A wide, light-colored river or dry riverbed flows diagonally across the upper half of the image. The surrounding land is mostly cleared, with sparse vegetation and visible tracks or roads. In the lower foreground, there is a dense, dark forest. The overall tone is somber and highlights environmental impact.

ANALYSIS

KEY FACTS AND POLICIES IN
PROGRESS

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

Elections and Bolsonaro

Brazil is very frowned upon internationally for (in)actions in different sectors. In our analyses, we have highlighted the pressure for dismantling in climate and socio-environmental policies. And, increasingly, attention turns to an issue that encompasses all areas, the country and its future as a nation: the survival of Brazilian democracy. In July, Jair Bolsonaro tried once again to take away the **credibility** of the Brazilian electoral system by summoning ambassadors to hear their unproven theses. However, this offensive was not well seen and generated negative effects in Brazil and internationally. The United States, for example, issued two statements on the matter after the meeting. The first coming from the embassy in Brazil and the second, in Washington, to **strengthening confidence in the Brazilian electoral system**.

And the president of the Superior Electoral Court (TSE), Edson Fachin, **said**:

- "The electoral justice of the whole country will not cross its arms."
- "Peace and security in the elections we advocate. We will not tolerate electoral violence, subtype of political violence. The Electoral Justice will spare no effort to act, in order to curb violence as a political weapon and face disinformation as a practice of chaos".

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

Javari Valley, threats and prospectors

According to information obtained by *Folha de São Paulo*, Funai employees were approached by armed men and in the service of prospectors in the Javari Valley region, the same one in which Bruno Pereira and Dom Phillips were murdered in June.

In Madrid (Spain), the president of Funai, Marcelo Xavier, *left* the General Assembly of the Fund for the Development of Indigenous peoples of Latin America and the Caribbean (Filac) after the protest of Ricardo Rao, who was exonerated in 2020 from the position of specialized indigenist of FUNAI in Maranhão. " This man is a militiaman, he is responsible for the death of (Indigenous) Bruno Pereira (...) and (Dom) Phillips, " Rao said.

Here, the new coordinator-general of isolated indigenous people and recent contact of Funai, a position that was occupied by Bruno Pereira, *put in doubt* the existence of isolated peoples in the Ituna Itatá Indigenous land, in Pará. The opinion signed by Geovanio Katukina supported FUNAI's decision not to renew the territorial protection ordinance, which was guaranteed through *Court decision* and captured by the Public Affairs Monitor in January. In June, despite the contrary opinion, the *entrance restriction* was extended to three years, in order to ensure the monitoring and protection of indigenous group in voluntary isolation N 110, designated "Igarapé Ipiaçava". In an interview with Bruno Pereira published posthumously in *Folha*, there is a claim that there are "monstrous land and mining interests " in the region.

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

European pressure

It was **approved** in the European Parliament (362 votes in favour, 16 against and 200 abstentions) a **resolution** regarding the deaths of Indigenous People, the indigenist Bruno Pereira and the journalist Dom Phillips in the Bolsonaro government, demanding an “immediate, exhaustive, impartial and independent” investigation into the deaths of the indigenist and the journalist. In addition, MEPs expressed concern about two PLs that impact indigenous peoples: PL 191/2020 (mining and electricity generation on indigenous lands) and PL 490/2007 (thesis of the time frame for demarcation of indigenous lands).

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

Leite x Salles

According to the **report** of *Folha de S. Paulo*, minister Joaquim Leite accumulates, in his first year at the head of the MMA, numbers worse than those of Ricardo Salles, his predecessor, such as the maintenance of deforestation in the Brazilian environmental agenda, the high number of fires in the Amazon and Cerrado (20% higher than the same period in 2021, under the Salles administration), the record of deforestation in the Amazon and the Atlantic Forest, the weakening of environmental agencies and the dissemination of dubious data.

POLÍTICA POR INTEIRO has also shown comparisons between the Leite and Salles administrations: last year, at **COP 26 season**, and in **January this year**, with a balance sheet of 2021 and of what has been done since 2019.

More of the same

In a public hearing at the Financial Supervision and Control Commission, in the Chamber of Deputies, Joaquim Leite **displayed** numbers of transfers of resources and Environmental Protection actions that do not match those collected by the Integrated Planning and Budget System (SIOP), according to a report by the *Correio Braziliense*. Leite stated that he executed 68% of the MMA budget. SIOP numbers are lower.

In **Fakebook.eco**, data were shown on the "combat garbage at Sea" program, often pointed out by Leite as an example of successful MMA action. The material reveals, among other information, that it "has collected since 2019 only 0,03% of the waste that reaches the country's coast every year".

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

Deforestation

A new record of deforestation in the Legal Amazon was recorded for the first half, in addition to the upward trend in the number of fire outbreaks for the same period. There was a 25% increase in fire outbreaks that occurred in the first semesters of the current government (2019 to 2022), compared to the same periods of the previous administration (2015 to 2018). Close to the end of the PRODES year (August 1 to July 31), the trend is for deforestation to exceed the 13,038 km² mark reached in 2021.

The **Annual Report on Deforestation** from MapBiomas pointed out that almost one state of Rio de Janeiro was deforested in three years in Brazil: 42 thousand km². In 2021 alone, there were 16,557 km² – an increase of 20% compared to the previous year.

Deforestation is growing in all biomes, as is its average speed, which went from 0.16 hectares/day in 2020 to 0.18 hectares/day in 2021. In the Amazon, 1.9 hectares were deforested per minute, which is equivalent to about 18 trees per second.

The **Balance of activities of 2021** of the plan that details the Federal Government's initiatives was published, related directly and indirectly, to the control of illegal deforestation and the results achieved. Given the deforestation rate registered in the Legal Amazon in 2021 (13, 235km²) and the maintenance of the upward trend of recent years, including the increase in all Amazonian States, **the document indicates that none of the ongoing initiatives have had the expected impact on deforestation control.**

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

Environmental infringements

Ibama implemented more changes in the procedures for determining environmental infractions. An order from the president of the institute was published approving a legal opinion to require proof of guilt or intent for environmental administrative accountability. Previously, it was understood that there was a greater proximity to strict liability, that is, regardless of fault or intent, just proof and action or omission that violates legal rules. Access our full [analysis](#) and understand why the changes can make enforcement and punishment more difficult.

In addition, the prioritization plan for the procedural liability of Ibama infraction notices was published, through Ordinance 48/2022. In it, the demands are separated into priority categories, establishing perspectives of numbers for each category. The plan reveals relevant figures such as (i) there are 158 active servers in procedural instruction – from screening and notification to reporting; (ii) more than 120 thousand processes counted between 2013 and 2021, with only 10% to 15% of fines paid; (iii) it is estimated that more than 35 thousand infraction notices will be prescribed by 2024.

CRISES/SETBACKS/CONTROVERSIES

BR 319

The **prior license** (LP) for the reconstruction of BR 319, in Amazonas, in the Porto Velho - Manaus section, known as the middle section, was granted. According to the LP, the works are for restoration and improvement. The document does not authorize the suppression of native vegetation or wildlife management, without other types of authorization from the competent authorities. But, in the state of Amazonas the PL N 224 of 2022 is running, captured by the **Amazon Focus**, which provides for the flexibility of environmental licensing of state competence to encourage the completion of the BR-319 Highway. The Minister of Infrastructure, Marcelo Sampaio, declared that BR 319 will "take Amazonas society out of isolation".

However, the **BR 319 Observatory**, initiative that brings together several organizations around the socio-environmental issues related to the highway works, sees with great concern the issuance of the LP, especially at this time of electoral dispute. In a statement, Fernanda Meirelles, executive director of the Observatory, says that this decision is clearly politically motivated and important steps in this process have been ignored. In addition, Fernanda highlights that enforcement actions are insufficient to curb land grabbing, invasions, deforestation and land speculation, pressures that have been increasing exponentially in recent years.

The works are under the jurisdiction of Dnit / RO.

ON THE RADAR - BRAZIL

Lithium

A standard was published that relaxes the rules for foreign trade operations in minerals and lithium ores, highlighting the removal of the obligation of prior authorization from the National Nuclear Energy Commission. The mineral is one of those considered “strategic “by the Federal Government, classified in the category of those that”have comparative advantages and are essential for the economy by generating a surplus in the country’s trade balance”. Read our [exclusive analysis](#) on the policy of support for environmental licensing of investment projects for the production of Strategic Minerals – “Pro-strategic minerals“, within the framework of the Investment Partnership Program (PPI). According to the [Mining Observatory](#), the measure “messes with geopolitics in Latin America” and could be a nod to Elon Musk and Tesla.

BRAZIL

Elections

- **Lula** (47% intention of vote): **says** that his future ministers will have a political profile and not just a technical one. He **nods to agribusiness** e establishes an **alliance with Senator Carlos Fávaro (PSD-MT)**, member of the rural bench, who will participate in a team to prepare the government program and coordinate the campaign of the former president in Mato Grosso. It has been said that, in a possible Lula government, there may be a **special secretary for climate** with the aim of improving the international image of the country.
- **Bolsonaro** (29%): **gathered diplomats in the Palace** to, without evidence, question the integrity of the electoral system. **Announced** his intention to have Walter Braga Netto (PL), General of the Reserve, as VP in running.

ON THE RADAR - BRAZIL

Twitter highlights



Cloud of most frequent phrases in tweets of the month, *monitored in partnership with Folha de São Paulo*, from the country's authorities (president, ministers, congressmen, among others) and experts related to the environment and climate change.

- Bolsonaro and the price of fuel
 - Signatures of State decrees to reduce ICMS in fuels. The move happens after approval of the **PLP 18/2022**, which limits the state fuel duty. The approval is seen as a victory for the Federal Government, which fears the effects of election-year surges.
 - Publication of Decree **oblige fuel stations to “clearly and objectively” display the fuel value before ICMS readjustment.**
- Congress in Focus Award 2022: articulation of parliamentarians asking for votes for the contest that **selects and evaluates** the management of Deputies and senators in various sectors.
- **# derrubaveto28**: impact of the *hashtag* to overturn Bolsonaro's veto **Bill 5466/2019**, authored by Joenia Wapichana (REDE-RR), which establishes Indigenous Peoples' Day, replacing Indian Day.
- **European Parliament**: approval of a resolution condemning the Bolsonaro government for its management of environmental and human rights policies, the murders of Bruno and Dom were pointed out as an example of violation.
- **Marcelo Xavier in Madrid**: the president of Funai was blamed for the murders of Bruno and Dom by a former employee of the agency at the event.

ON THE RADAR - INTERNATIONAL

OCDE

Given the publication of Brazil's accession roadmap to the OECD in June, the response of the Brazilian government with the OECD memorandum, which mentions the responses that the country will give to this path, is still awaited. In relation to OECD-related matters, the **possible repeal of state law** (Law 13.303 / 2016) in an electoral context may harm Brazil's candidacy as a member of the organization, since the good governance of state-owned companies is an important condition of good regulatory practices. In addition, impunity for environmental crimes and crimes against human rights must be considered in this access process.

The insufficient response of the Brazilian government to the death of indigenist Bruno Pereira and journalist Dom Philips motivated demonstrations by various governments and entities. Regarding the process of Brazil's accession to the OECD, the Human Rights Watch letter mentions how disrespect for environmental and Human Rights in Brazil is, in addition to being morally reprehensible, a barrier to entry to the OECD and to law enforcement in the country.

ON THE RADAR - INTERNATIONAL

Biodiversity

Decisions based on a narrow set of market values of nature are at the root of the global biodiversity crisis.

This is what states a [study published by IPBES](#) (Intergovernmental Platform on biodiversity and Ecosystem Services, UN panel that brings together biodiversity experts along the lines of what the IPCC does for climate). This report and another released by IPBES, on the [overexploitation of wild species](#), will subsidize the debates at COP 15, the biodiversity COP, which takes place in December in Montreal.

An aerial, black and white photograph of a dense tropical forest. A helicopter is flying in the center of the frame, positioned over the forest canopy. To the right, a winding river flows through the landscape, with some sandy or cleared areas visible along its banks. The overall scene conveys a sense of exploration and environmental focus.

TRENDS

WHERE WE ARE HEADING TOWARDS
BRAZIL AND THE WORLD

BRAZIL

Federal Government

With the approach of the elections, the perspective is that efforts will focus on campaigns, as well as on streamlining priority agendas for the electorate, such as land regularization, flexibility in the development of activities and the increase of subsidies to certain sectors.

From August until the 1st round of elections there is only one major event scheduled: 77th UN General Assembly in New York.

Judiciary

The Supreme Court (STF) will resume its **agenda** of judgments in the month of August, which include (i) direct actions of unconstitutionality (ADIs) 4785, 4786 and 4787, filed against laws of Minas Gerais, Pará and Amapá that instituted environmental inspection fees on mining; and (ii) direct action of constitutionality (ADC) 42 and Addis 4901 and 4902, which address the differences between the concepts of landfill and landfill and the possibility of continued operation of landfills areas of permanent preservation (APPs), in addition to aspects related to the determination that environmental compensation must occur between areas of the same ecological identity.

BRAZIL

National Congress

In the return of the parliamentary recess there is the prospect of movement of the priority agendas of the Federal Government such as land regularization, mining (especially in indigenous lands), environmental licensing and pesticides.

As in the Federal Government, congressmen will also have to dedicate a large part of the period until the elections to carry out campaigns and articulations. Thus, in addition to the concentrated effort, project movements tend to slow down.

WORLD

USA

While in Brazil, the executive and legislative branches of government are deadlocked on the climate agenda, in the United States, a knot seems to have unraveled. And it should raise the pressure for other countries to also advance on the agenda, including Brazil. Already in the first week of August, a historic climate package – included in the so – called Inflation Reduction Act, which also includes measures for health care – passed the US Senate. The vote was close, with a tiebreaker (51-50) by the American vice president, Kamala Harris. The proposal involves \$ 369 billion for climate policies and needs to pass the House. It is expected to be signed into law by President Joe Biden later in August. The law brings the United States closer to the commitment made by Biden: to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by half compared to 2005 this decade. Only with the law under analysis, a decrease of 40% would be achieved.

ON THE RADAR - NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL

Agenda 2022

- ❑ From August 16: Elections - beginning of electoral season
- ❑ September 1st: IPCC - 6th Evaluation Report (AR6-consolidated)
- ❑ September 13-20: 77th (UN General Assembly) in New York
- ❑ October 2-Elections: vote of the 1st round
- ❑ October 17-19: Rio + 30 with a focus on Cities
- ❑ October 20-31: G20-Summit
- ❑ November 7-18 UNFCCC COP27 in Sharm El Sheik, Egypt.
- ❑ December 5-7 - CBD COP15 in Montreal, Canada.



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Initiative



Support



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Norway's
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