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Los sistemas de Medición, Reporte y Verificación – MRV

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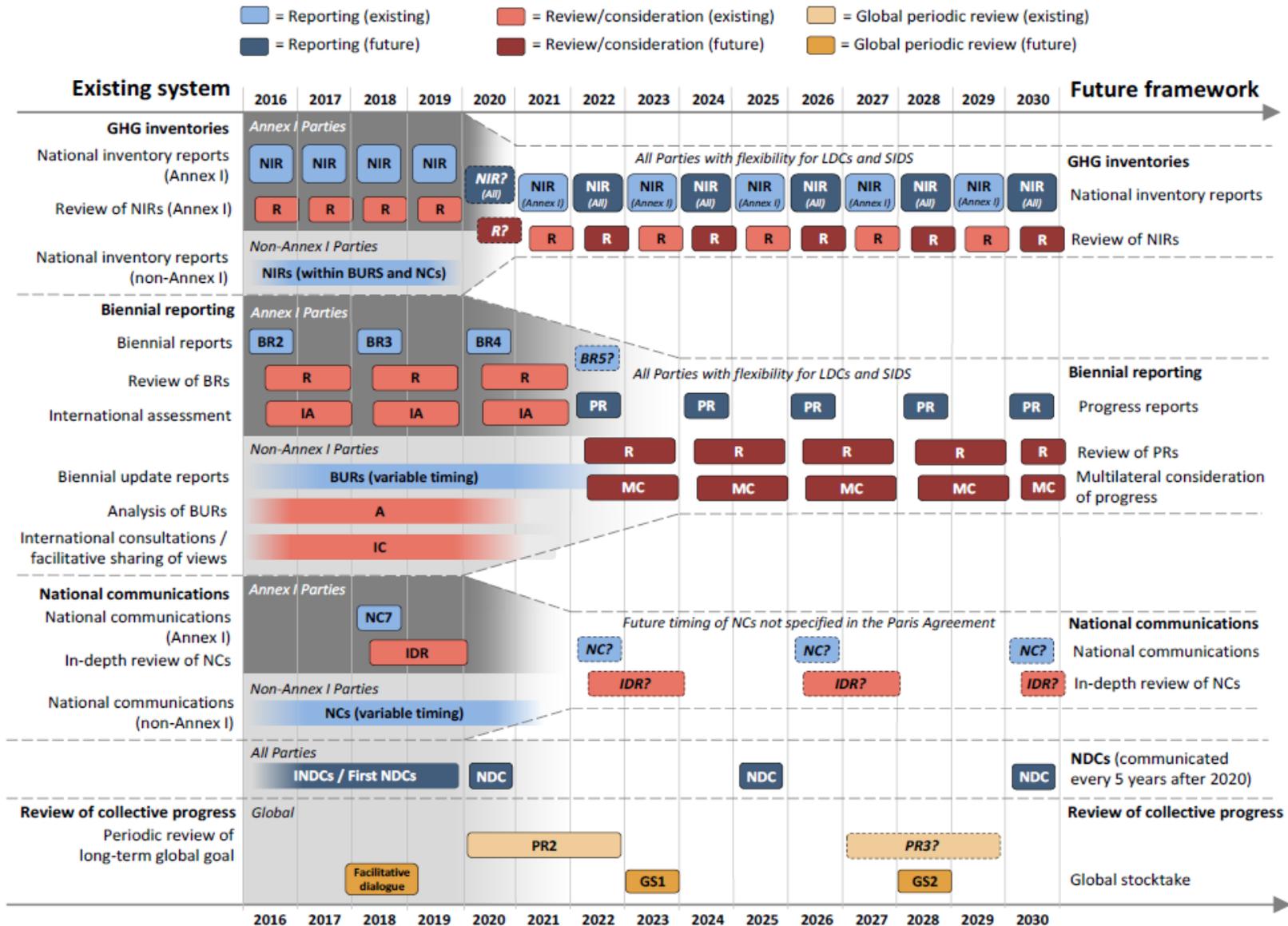
1. PRINCIPIOS GENERALES



1. Antecedentes

- EL MRV se origina en las negociaciones internacionales del cambio climático.
- COP 13, Bali 2007: decisión para mejorar las acciones de mitigación “...*las NAMAs por las Partes que son países en desarrollo en el contexto del desarrollo sostenible, aprobadas y facilitadas por tecnologías, financiamiento y creación de capacidad, de manera mensurable, reportable y verificable* .”

Figure 1. Possible timeline for a smooth transition from the existing transparency system to the enhanced transparency framework



Notes: Annex I Kyoto Protocol Parties have supplementary reporting and verification arrangements under the Kyoto Protocol. Developed countries are also requested under the Durban work programme on long-term finance to report biennially on their strategies and approaches for scaling up climate finance from 2014 to 2020. The first periodic review of the long-term global mitigation goal took place in 2013-15. Note that processes to agree long-term climate finance goals are not shown in the figure.



1. Por qué el MRV?

- Genera transparencia sobre el progreso de mitigación en curso, así como potencial y necesidades relacionadas en los países.
- Ayuda a cumplir con requerimientos de reportaje nacional a la CMNUCC
- Trae reconocimiento para el progreso nacional y genera confianza al nivel internacional, contribuyendo a un incremento del esfuerzo colectivo global hacia el cumplimiento del objetivo de 2 grados de calentamiento global
- Aumenta la probabilidad de obtener apoyo internacional y abre el camino para la participación en mercados de carbono



1. ¿Por qué el MRV? – Beneficios domésticos

- Facilita la toma de decisiones y la planificación nacional al identificar potenciales de reducción de GEI
- Brinda información para la priorización de acciones e inversión de recursos públicos y privados
- Ayuda a hacer seguimiento al cumplimiento de metas
- Apoya la implementación de NAMAs y genera información sobre sus impactos
- Promueve la coherencia de políticas y coordinación entre sectores emisores
- Genera información comparable y facilita su intercambio
- Destaca lecciones aprendidas, contribuye a la mejora continua de la calidad de acciones y ayuda a identificar y mostrar buenas prácticas

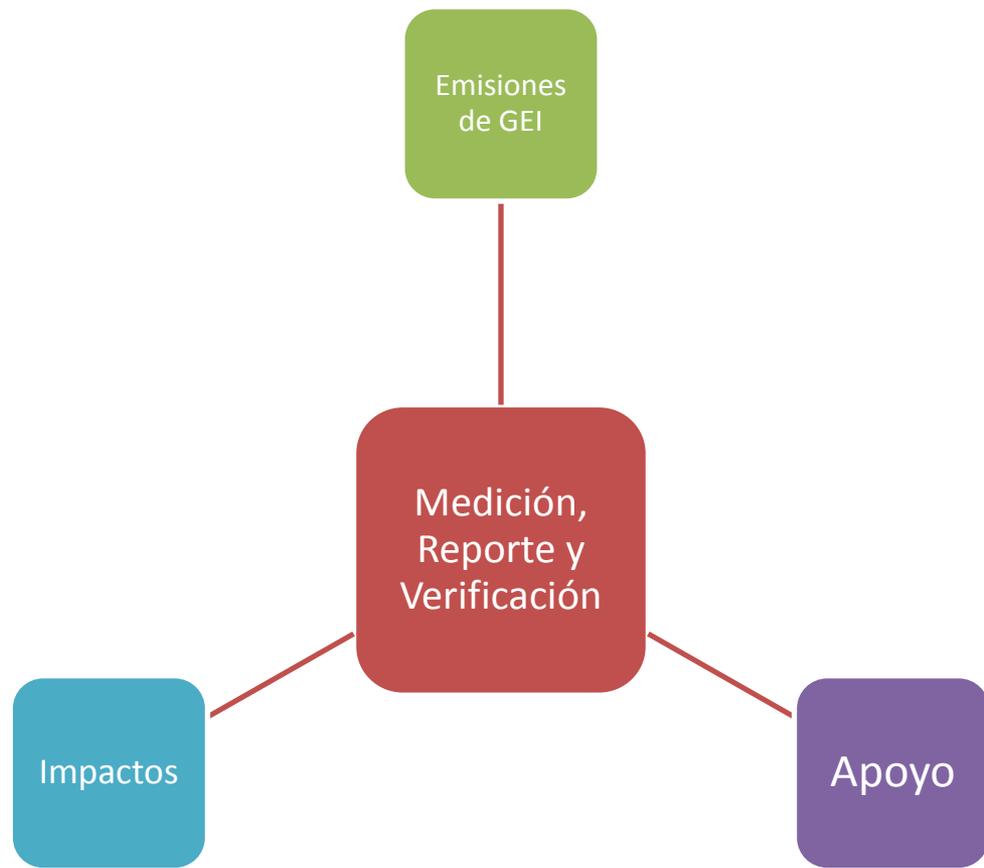


Principios asociados con el MRV

- Transparentes
- Precisos
- Completos
- Consistentes
- Comparables

1. ¿Qué forma parte del MRV?

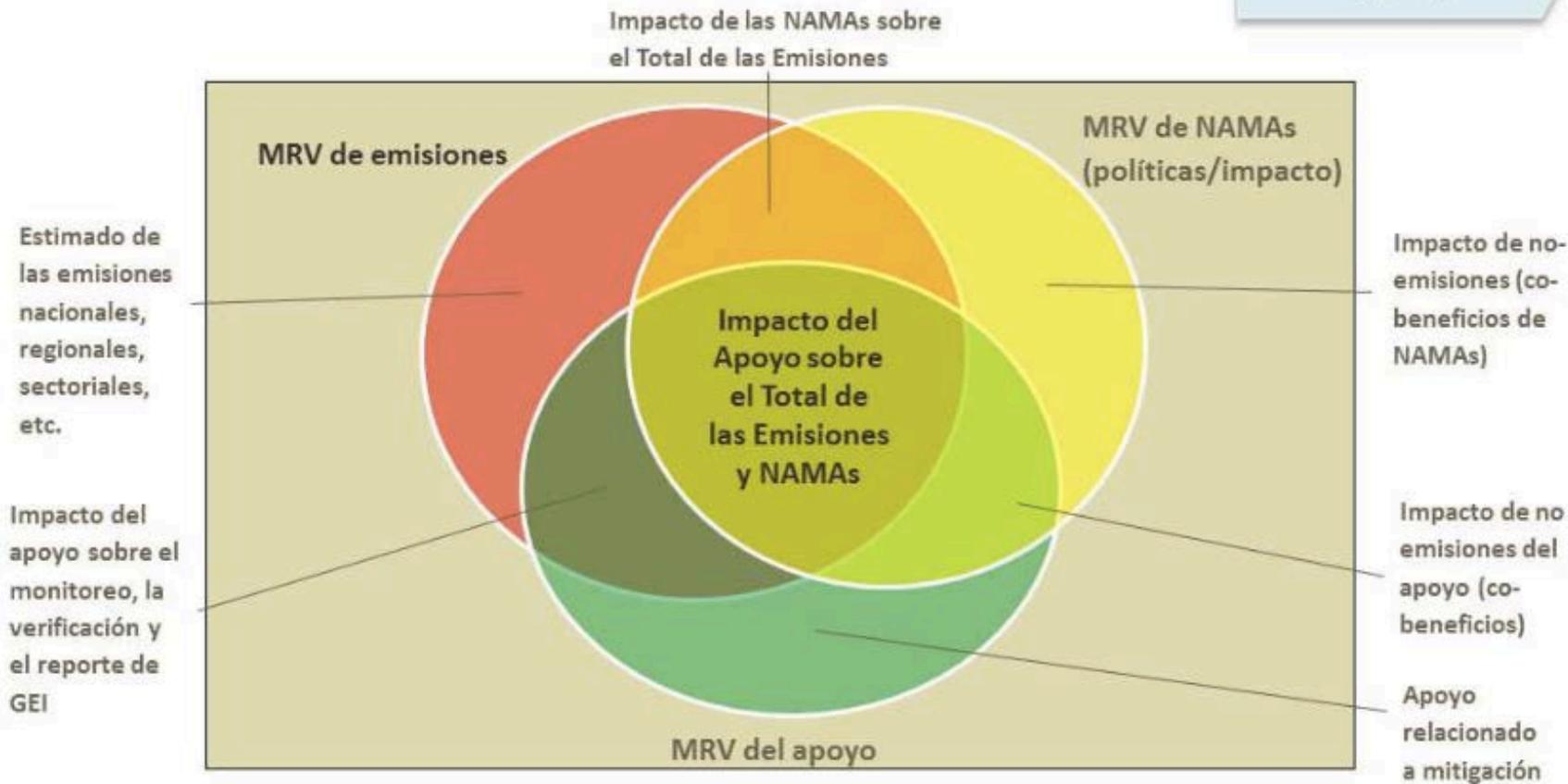
1. Emisiones (por ejemplo, Inventarios de GEI)
2. Impactos de políticas y acciones (comparados con una línea base)
3. Apoyo (p.ej. Financiamiento climático, la transferencia de tecnología, desarrollo de capacidades)

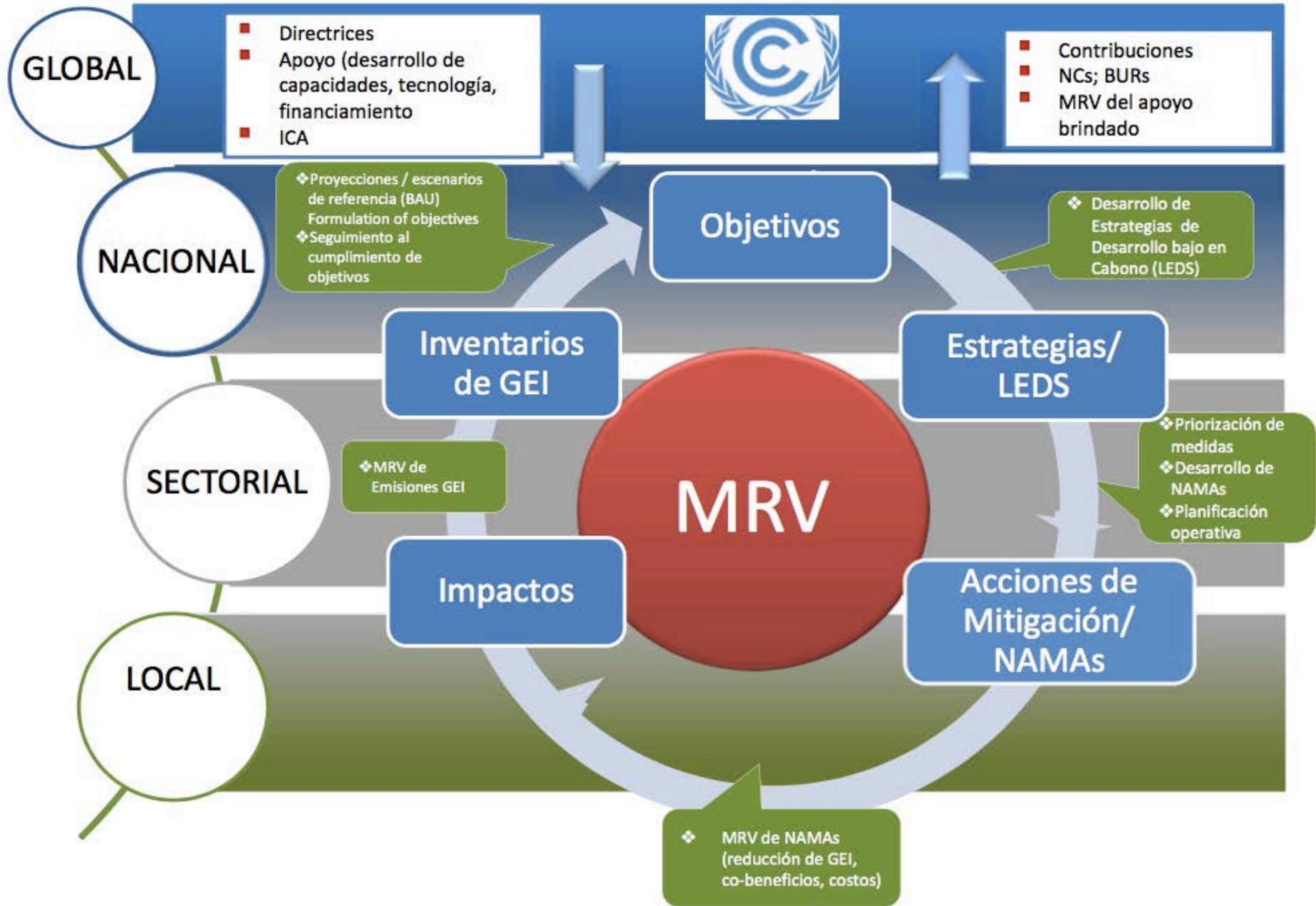


El sistema nacional de MRV:

Interacción entre MRV de emisiones, de NAMAs y de Apoyo

The national MRV System







Líneas de Trabajo para el MRV de Chile

MRV del Compromiso Voluntario de Chile (NAMA Nacional)

MRV del Inventario Nacional de GEI

MRV de NAMAs domésticas

MRV de apoyo financiero

MRV en otras acciones relevantes, Proyecto PMR



2. MRV DE LAS EMISIONES DE GASES DE EFECTO INVERNADERO - GEI



MRV de los niveles de emisión y de los impactos

- Utiliza metodologías simples y robustas
- Aplica indicadores SMART:
 - Específicos
 - Medibles
 - Alcanzables
 - Relevantes
 - Puntuales
- Usa escenarios de Línea Base que reflejen las condiciones locales para poder valorar los impactos
- Construye series de tiempo para los IGEI
- Establece estándares para los datos
- Considera desarrollar un sistema IT para el almacenamiento y evaluación de los datos

MRV de las emisiones de GEI

Tier - Nivel 1

Metodologías Simplificadas

Uso de datos disponibles

Uso de FE por default

Tier – Nivel 2

Metodologías estandarizada

Procesos dedicados a la colección de datos

Nivel medio de detalle de los datos, i.e. Estadísticas

Factores de Emisión Nacionales

Tier – Nivel 3

Metodologías que consideran adecuadamente las circunstancias nacionales

Datos con un nivel medio o detallado (compañía, instalaciones)

Fuentes nacionales específicas para los FE

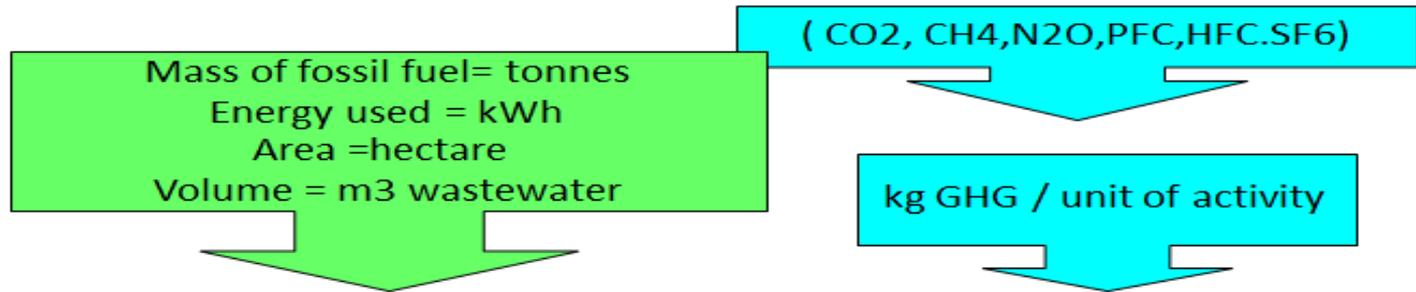
Mediciones continuas de las emisiones



Emisiones GEI,

Indicadores de impacto y datos para Actividades de Mitigación – Tipo Programas y Proyectos

Methodologies



$$\text{Emission} = \text{Activity Data (AD)} \times \text{Emission Factor (EF)}$$

Tonnes CO2 equivalent of the estimated year

- CO2 =1
- CH4=21 N2O=310
- HFC= 140-11700 PFC= 9200
- SFC= 23900

Parámetros para el sector de Vivienda y Edificaciones – NAMA Urbano CR

Parameter	Unit	Frequency	Source	Direct	Indirect (survey)
Electricity consumption	kWh	Year	ICE/CNFL	X	
Distributed generation	kWh	Year	ICE/CNFL	X	
Gas LPG	m3	Year			X
Water consumption	m3	Year	AYA	X	
Water recycled	m3	Year			X
Household size	persons	Two years			X
Housing size	m2	Once	APC/CFIA		
Carbon footprint	ton	Once	APC/CFIA		
Water heater	Data sheet manufacturer	Once			X
Solar heater		Once			X
Refrigerator		Once			X
Appliances		Once			X
Lighting		Once			X
Real estate added value	\$	Two years	Municipal		X
RESET independent		Once	APC/CFIA	X	

Frecuencia de los parámetros

Parameter	Unit	Frequency	Direct	Indirect (survey)
Power consumption	kWh	Hourly	X	
Water consumption	Ltr/pax/day	Hourly	X	X
Interior temperature	°C	Hourly	X	
Exterior temperature	°C	Monthly	X	
Interior humidity	%	Hourly	X	
Exterior humidity	%	Monthly	X	
Air conditioned	kWh	Hourly	X	
Lighting energy	kWh	Hourly	X	
Appliances energy	kWh	Hourly	X	
Shower	Ltr/pax/day	monthly		X
Kitchen faucets	y frequency			X
Laundry				X

MRV de las emisiones de GEI

Tier - Nivel 1

Lista requerida de los contenidos de los reportes
Reporte en papel y o electrónico



Tier – Nivel 2

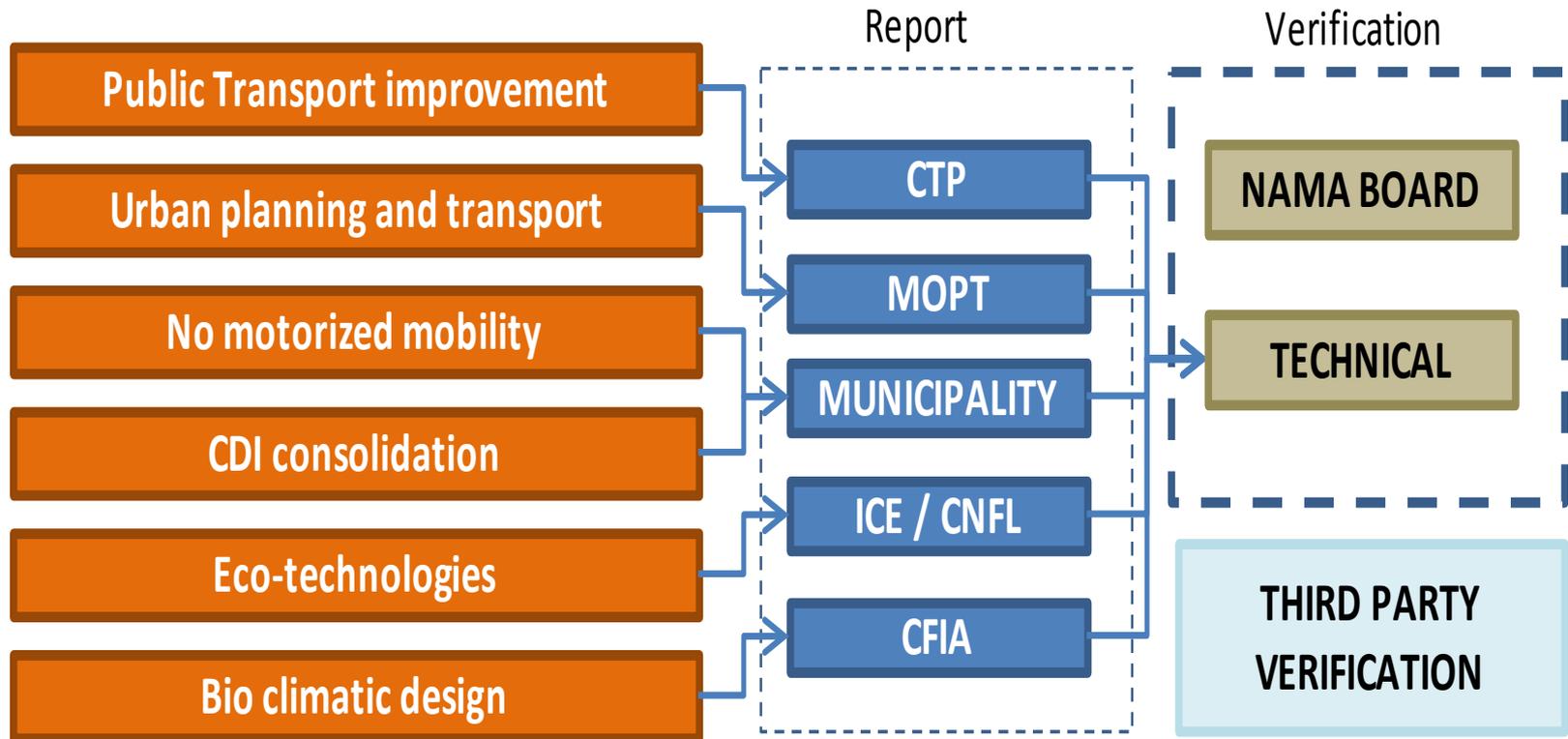
Proveer de un reporte o plantilla para el el Reporte
Reporte en formato electrónico



Tier – Nivel 3

Formato obligatorio de Reporte
Herramientas sofisticadas de Reporte que tengan la posibilidad de comprobación cruzada

Marco Institucional para el Reporte y Verificación de la NAMA Urbana



MRV de las emisiones de GEI

Tier - Nivel 1

Validación Interna basada en chequeos plausibles



Tier – Nivel 2

Validación por potra entidad Doméstica (Administración e institucional)
Chequeos plausibles basados en información de base



Tier – Nivel 3

Validación por una entidad tercer e independiente
Chequeos plausibles basados en información de base y en una evaluación de los procesos internos



Parámetros para el Transporte Público – NAMA URBANO CR

Indicator	Monitoring	Verification
GHG per year (MtCO ₂ /year)	Fuel consumption multiplied by emission factor Kilometers avoided	Compare estimated emissions with actual emissions
Kilometers BRT lanes built per year (km/year)	Official Register of kilometers built confined lane (BRT)	Verification of the operation of the running BRT lanes.
Kilometers traveled by the BRT system (km / year).	Official record of kilometers traveled by the BRT system per year	Verification of travel records system with reports
Number of vehicles subject to parking meters per year (vehicles / year)	Operator Databases of parking meters	Verification of the system operator, and contrast it with a representative sample of parking meters, as well as verification of the operation of parking meters
Frequency of use of parking meters per year	The operator records the number of times a vehicle uses a meter per year, calculating the statistical frequency of all vehicles using parking meters. The uses of a survey of modal shift in transport to complement this parameter in order to determine if users are recommended to use the car stop as preferred transport.	Check that the data are consistent with reports of operator systems and meter, as well as the methodology of the survey.
Average occupancy of vehicles (passenger / vehicle / year)	The new public transport systems will need to have registration and control systems linked to databases. This includes the number of passengers per vehicle per year.	Check through a representative sample of routes records a vehicular occupation period.
Optimization of transport routes	Number optimized routes	Checking the number of optimized routes against the general plan optimization
Fuel consumption (liters per year)	Bus operators recorded fuel consumption	Verify the reduction in consumption, and, if applicable, identify deviations and correct.
Number of hybrid buses and biodiesel	Database bus sales	Verification and cross-checking
Kilometers covered	The operator of the public bicycle	Check with a representative sample

Descripción detallada de indicadores a ser MRV

- Se realizó una identificación de parámetros para monitorear el progreso de la implementación de la NAMA

No	OUTPUT OF THE NAMA	INDICATORS / PARAMETERS	QUALITATIVE OR QUANTITATIVE	UNITS
1	Elaborate the NAMA proposal and seek of international funding for the NAMA components to be supported.			
1.1	Elaboration of the first NAMA proposal	Versions of the NAMA Document	Quantitative	Numbers of versions
1.2	Further improving of the NAMA proposal for submission to different NAMA funds, such as the NAMA Facility or any other fund.	E-mail or other written proof that states that the NAMA was submitted to different NAMA Funds	Qualitative	Written proof
2	The institutional framework for the SWH NAMA has been settled.			
2.1	Establish the NAMA Roundtable or NAMA Working Group	NAMA Roundtable was established.	Qualitative	Ministerial Decree or any other legal resolution or an interinstitutional Agreement.
2.2	Define the NAMA coordinating Unit or the NAMA Manager	NAMA coordinating Unit has been established and it is operational.	Qualitative	Ministerial Decree or any other legal resolution.
2.3	Establish the NAMA Board	NAMA Board established and it is operational	Qualitative	Ministerial Decree or any other legal resolution.
2.4	Define the institutions that will be NAMA implementers	NAMA implementers have been selected and they have started its operations.	Quantitative	Legal contracts signed.
2.5	Determine what institutions will be involved in the Monitoring of the GHG emissions as well as in the Report.	The NAMA implementers are conducting the GHG monitoring.	Quantitative	GHG records of GHG measurements and GHG estimations.
2.6	Define the institutions that will conduct the verification process for the domestic efforts and for the international supported component of the NAMA.	The national institution, which is responsible of the verification process, has been selected and it is conducting the verification process.	Qualitative	Supreme Decree or legal contract signed with the national institution responsible to conduct the verification process.
3	Establishment of State funds to finance SWH units, the installation and maintenance costs required for the SWH to be deployed for the domestic efforts of the NAMA.			
3.1	The Plurinational State of Bolivia generates programmes for covering the installation costs of the SWH in the low-income households.	Bolivia has at least one programme, which is covering the installation costs for low-income households	Quantitative	Number of assistance programmes established on SWH.
3.2	The Plurinational State of Bolivia allocates funds coming from the national budget through specific programmes of housing and electricity.	Bolivia has allocated budget or specific funds for SWH programmes.	Quantitative	National budget allocated for SWH programmes.
3.3	Bolivia allocates specific grants to subsidy the installation costs of SWH for the rural households and for the Low-income households as part of the Patriotic Agenda goals.	Grants or subsidies allocated to cover the installation costs of SWH in the rural area and in the low-income urban households.	Quantitative	Number of grants or subsidies.

Plan de MRV para el NAMA de SWH

No	IMPACT INDICATORS (GHG REDUCTION, SD BENEFITS)	BASELINE	TARGET VALUES																DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING			
			YEAR 2015	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	FREQUENCY AND REPORTS	DATA COLLECTION INSTRUMENTS	RESPONSIBILITY FOR DATA COLLECTION	
GHG EMISSION IMPACTS																						
1. BASELINE SCENARIO																						
1.1	Population Size	Population's size of 2013	█		█				█										█	Every 5 to 10 years	Population Census	INE
1.2	Number of households in Bolivia, categorised by urban and rural areas	Household characterisation of 2013	█		█				█										█	Every 5 to 10 years	Household surveys	INE
1.3	Number of households with access to water and electricity	Number of households of 2013	█																Every year or every two years	Household surveys and next census of population	INE	
1.4	Average number of people per household	Number of people per household by 2012	█		█				█										█	Every 5 to 10 years	Household surveys and next census of population	INE
1.5	Number of household with shower(s)	Household surveys and census of 2012	█																Every year or every two years	Household surveys and next census of population	INE, NAMA implementers	
1.6	Shower frequency per person per week	Household survey 2016	█																Every year or every two years	Household survey	INE, NAMA implementers	
1.7	Shower frequency per household per month	Household survey 2016	█																Every year or every two years	Household survey	INE, NAMA Implementers	
1.8	Time of daily use of shower per household	Household survey 2016	█																Every year or every two years	Household survey	INE, NAMA Implementers	
1.9	Wattage of showers	Shower market survey	█		█		█		█		█		█		█		█		█	Every year	Producer brochure Registration of imports	Technology providers Customs NAMA CU
1.10	Daily energy consumption of shower per household	Household survey 2016	█																Every year or every two years	Producer brochure Survey	INE, NAMA Implementers	
1.11	Average electricity consumption of showers per household	Shower energy consumption test or survey 2016	█		█		█		█		█		█		█		█		█	Every two year	Producer brochure Test of shower energy consumption	Technology providers NAMA Implementers



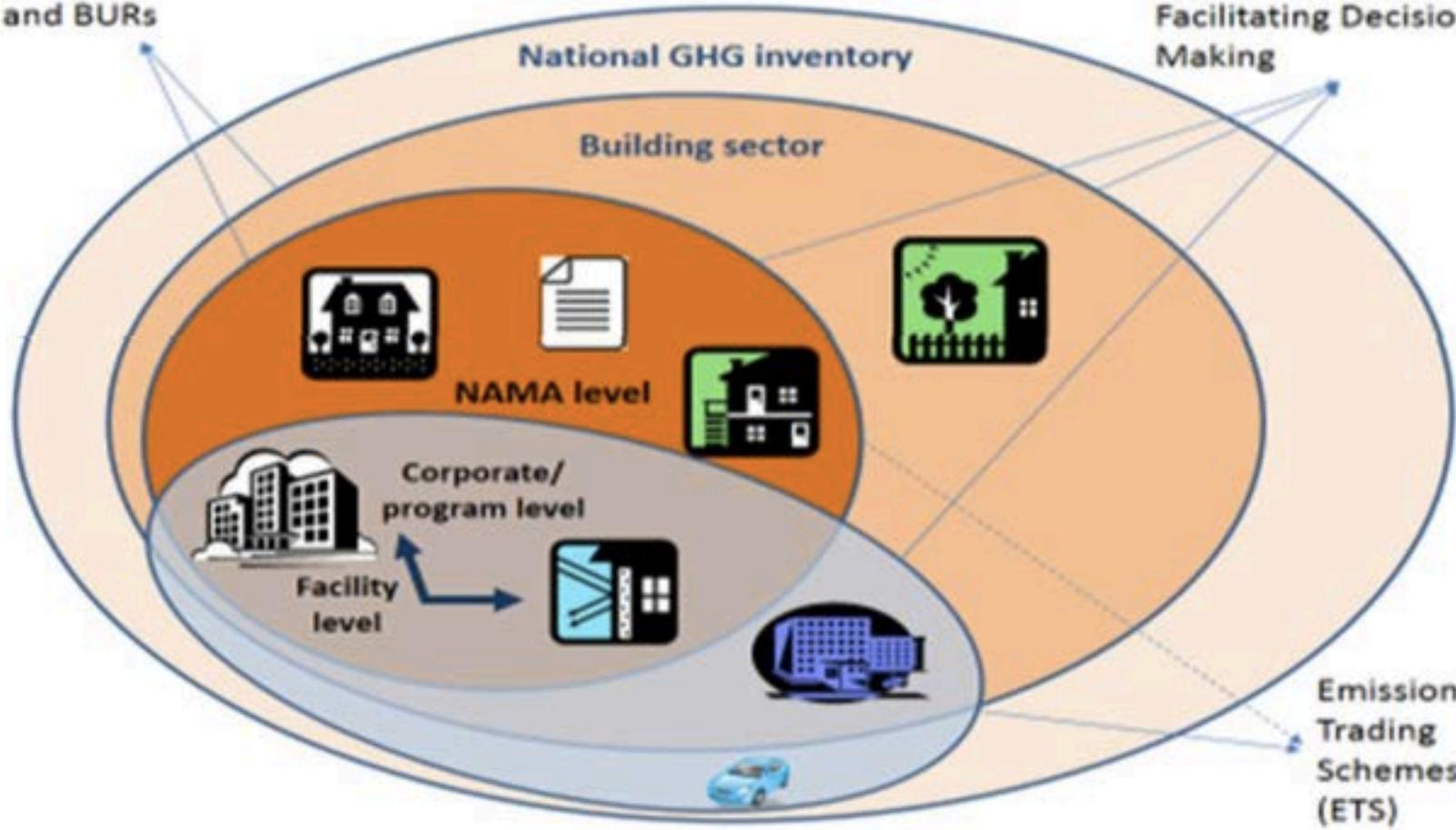
3. VÍNCULOS ENTRE LOS SISTEMAS DE MRV



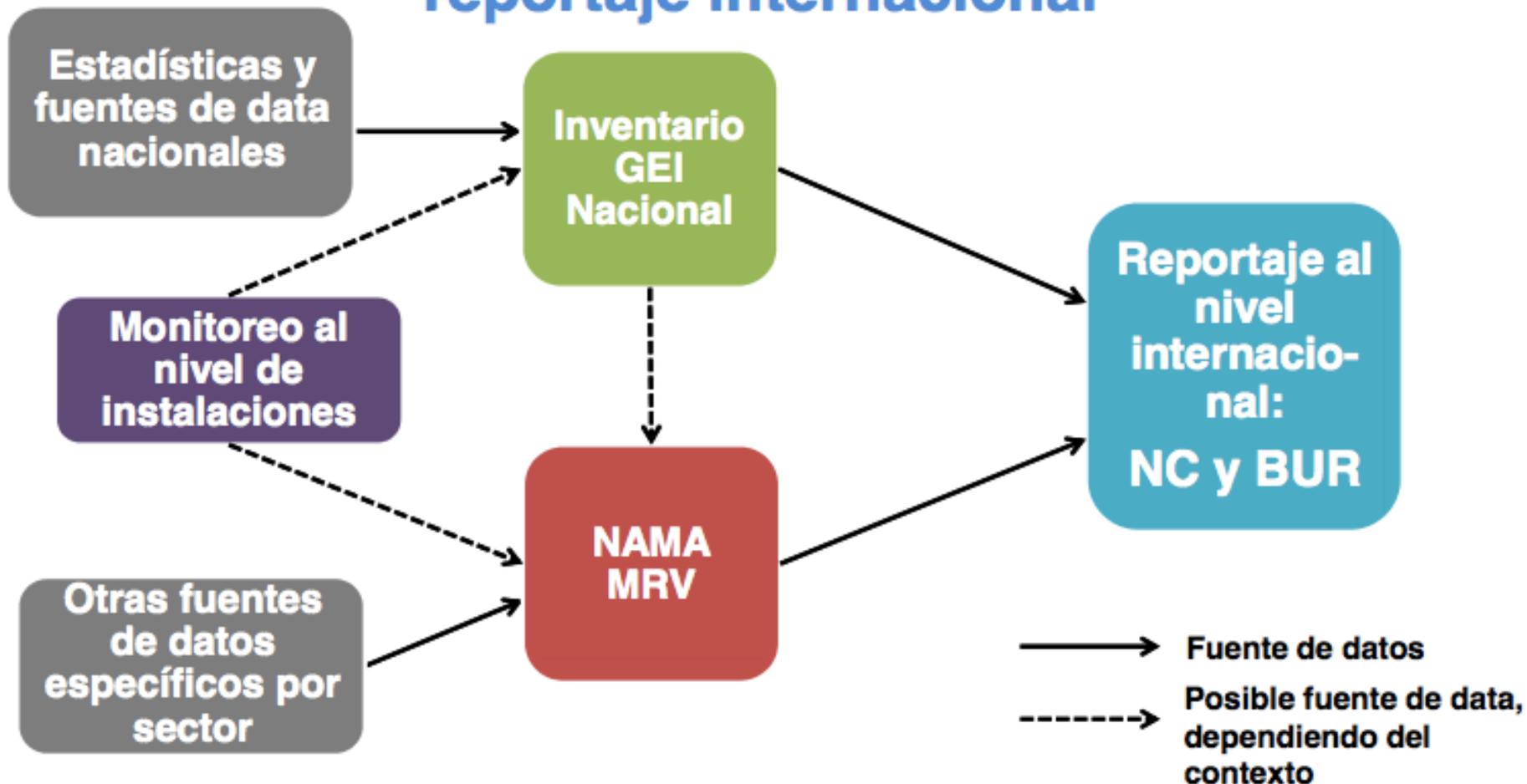
MRV at different levels for different purposes

National GHG Reporting in NCs and BURs

Domestic Purposes of Tracking Progress and Facilitating Decision-Making



Enlaces entre sistemas nacionales de MRV y reportaje internacional



State Council

Authorisation

Specification

Local government targets

Provincial level target

Supervision & management

State-run enterprises:
under the jurisdiction of the state

Target allocation

Closure of Small Plant and Outdated Capacity (CSPOC) programme

Prefecture level target

Target allocation

Cement: 250Mt/yr
Iron and steel: 100Mt/yr
Steel-making 55Mt/yr
Electricity 50 GW
Pulp and paper: 6.6Mt/yr
Alcohol: 1.6Mt/yr
etc.

County Level target

Supervision & Management

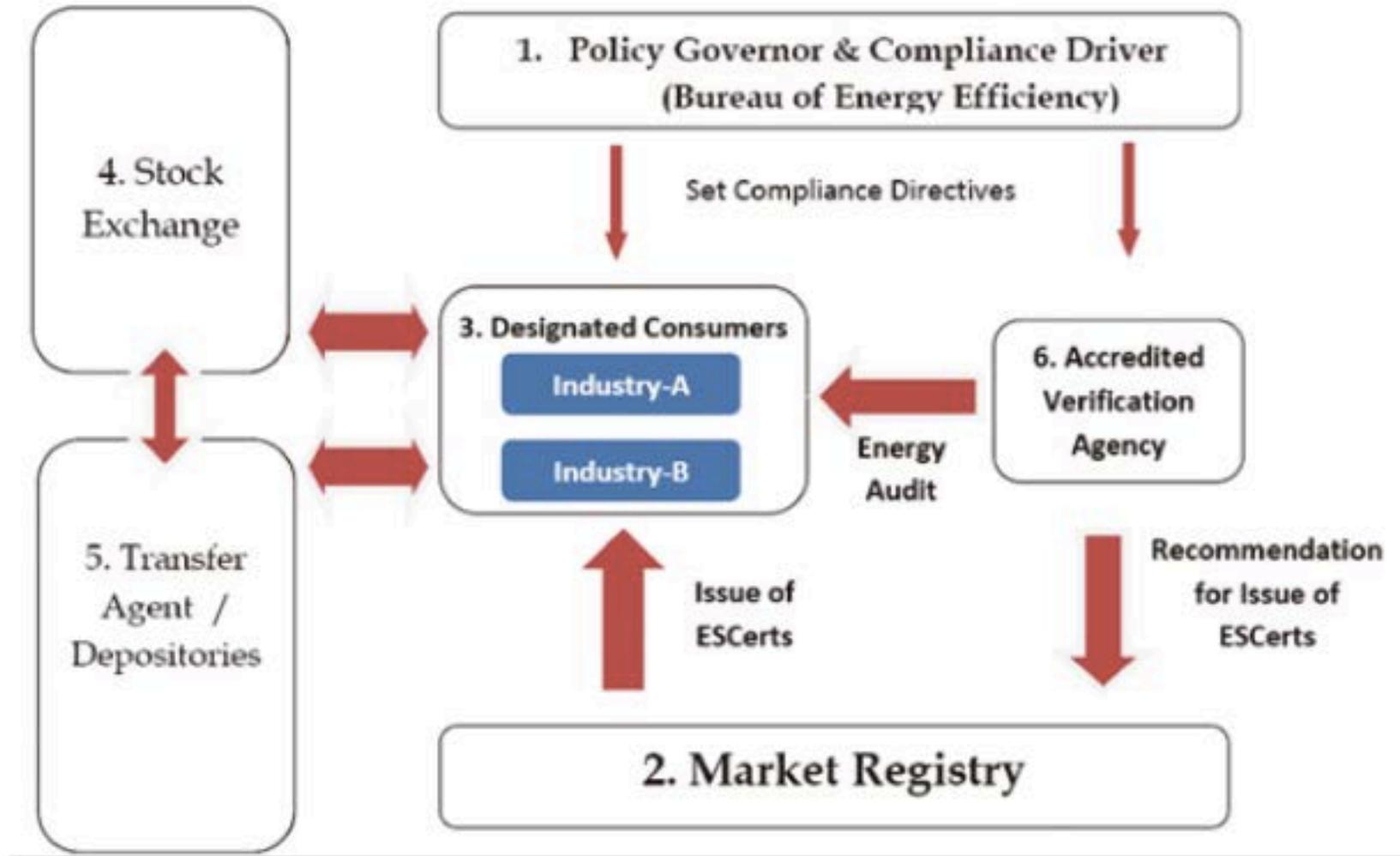
Other enterprises:
under the jurisdiction of local governments

Township Level target

Top-1000 Program:

1. Support local governments achieving their allocated targets
2. CSPOC as main measure

MRV en India - EE



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