

# The Price of Social Security at all Costs? -Current Trends in Pension Provision Japan's case

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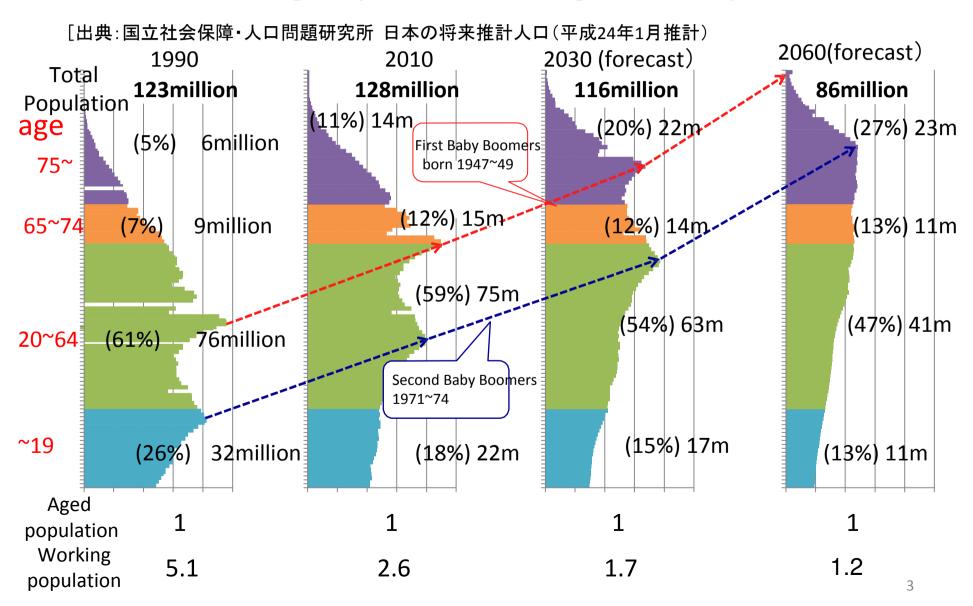


## Backdrops of Japan's Social Security -points to be discussed

- Demographic Change
- Financial Accounts
- Fiscal Position
- Economic Growth Prospective



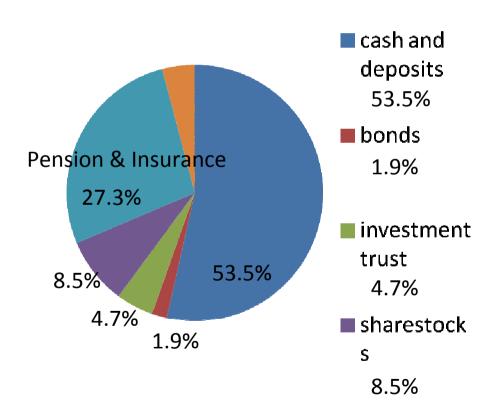
## Demographic Change Prospect





#### Financial Account

## Household financial assets: 1,598 trillion yen



## Governments borrowing outstanding 1,010 trillion yen

2013 FY Budget	
Annual tax and other revenue	47.1
Borrowings	45.5
Total	92.6

Expected JGB Balance as of March 2015
780 trillion yen

Central and local governments debt Debt total 1,010 trillion yen



## **Economic Growth Perspective**

Special committee at Social Security Council MHLW

100 years for sustainable social

Securities

Growth estimate based on Cabinet Office

TFP +0.5~1.8% pa of improvement Labor input 2010 1,152 (100 million hours)

2050 760~836 (-ditto-)

-0.3~-0. 8 % pa of decline

Rate of profit 8.4~8.6%

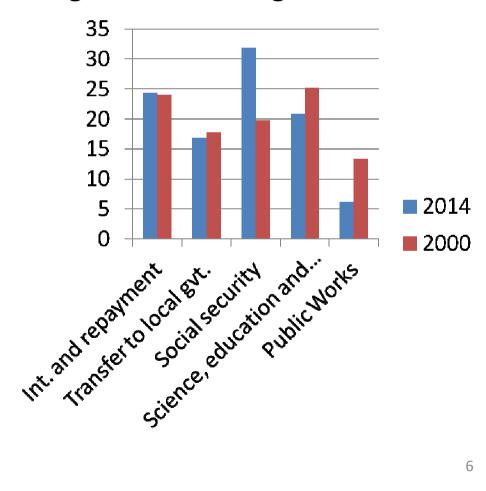
	Real term	СРІ	Nominal yield
High growth	1.4 %	2.0 %	6.0 %
High growth followed by low growth	0.4 %	1.2 %	4.2 %
Continuous low growth	-0 .4 %	0.6 %	3.0 %



## Outline of Japan's social security

- Medical security
- Job security
- **Pension**
- Child care & nursery

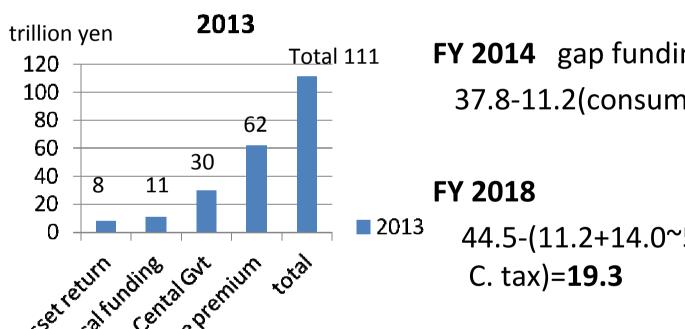
#### Percentage of annual central government budget





## Sources of social security funding

5% to 10 % Effect of tax increase for social security -- -- Decrease of Government budget support



**FY 2014** gap funding(trillion yen)

37.8-11.2(consumption tax)=**26.6** 

44.5-(11.2+14.0~5% increase of



## Payout breakdown

#### **Annual budget 2014**

Nursing care of elderly

And welfare

21.1 trillion yen(9 trillion yen for elderly care)

Medical care

36.0 trillion yen

Public pension53.6 trillion yen



### Controlling payout increase of public pension

## Automatic Payout Adjustment to macro economic data -maintaining public pension sustainability

- Change of number of public pension insured people
- Change of average expected life
- CPI
- Average wage



## Medical care and Child care system

#### Child and baby care taking

- Increasing support0.7 trillion yen
  - child education and nursery

#### **Medical care**

Increasing support 1.5 trillion yen



### Japanese pension system

#### Year 1961 as start of whole nation coverage

#### 3 types and 3 stories

- Type 1 pension for whole nation (mandatory)
   20~60 years old and 60~70 old of employee to pay:
   15,250 yen pm of premium (pay as you go )
- Type 2 pension for private employed to pay 16.766% of monthly salary (defined benefit)
- Type 3 pension for civil servant

#### **Stories**

- 1F Basic
- 2F Additional fund for each 3 types
- 3F Corporate fund for additional pension
   (some are defined contribution)

#### Beneficial payment to start

from 65 years old

- -- Basic pension 66,000 yen month
- --- Privately employed average 152,000 yen month(FY 2012)



## Sustainability issue and coverage

## Review made year 2009; Pension to wage substitute ratio

#### Birth ratio expectation

	Low 1.06%	Medium 1.26 %	High 1.55%
Price increase 1.0% Wage Increase 2.0% Yield 4.2%	47.5% ~2040	50.7% ~2037	54.6% ~2032
CPI 1.0% Wage 2.5% Yield 4.1 %	46.95% 2041~	50.1% 2038~	53.9% 2033~
CPI 1.0% Wage 2.1 % Yield 3.9%	43.1% 2048~	47.1% 2043~	51.55% 2038~



## Issues surrounding GPIF

#### Issues discussed

- Change ratio of asset allocation
- Introduction of new asset class
   -infrastructure etc
- Asset liability management to Liability driven investment
- Possible introduction
   Defined contribution method by
   Walter Riester

#### **Current GPIF**

Fund scale 124 trillion yen

Model portfolio

60% ±8% domestic bonds

(panel recommend to 52% asap)

12% domestic equities

11% foreign bonds

12% foreign equities



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